Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study A supplement to the Connect Atlanta Plan

PREPARED FOR City of Atlanta

PREPARED BY: Alta Planning + Design



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Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study

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Introduction

An overview of findings and recommendations



Overview

The Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study represents a strategy to create a complete and connected network of high-quality bicycle facilities in the core of the city. The focus of the study is on five cycling corridors that extend from the Atlanta BeltLine into the center of the city. Completing the bikeway network along each of these corridors will improve cycling conditions and expand route options that are desirable for a wide range of cyclists. When implemented, the improved and expanded bikeway network will enhance connections between neighborhoods, job centers, transit stations, tourist attractions, shops, and restaurants, as well as other daily destinations.

The Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study is a supplement to the To address the growing demand for better cycling Connect Atlanta Plan, which is the adopted transportation conditions and provide more specific details for plan for the City of Atlanta. While the Connect Atlanta Plan implementation, this study was developed. In short, the includes a city-wide network strategy to improve cycling Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study is an implementation routes, it does not provide specifics related to facility types strategy to develop dedicated, high-quality bikeways and alignments along the five corridors that are the focus in the core of the City. of this study.

Additionally, since the adoption of the Connect Atlanta Plan, the City of Atlanta has continued to experience tremendous growth in cycling rates and bikeway facility design has advanced considerably. Now, new and innovative bikeway facility treatments go beyond shared lane markings and standard bike lanes, which were the main bikeway facilities described in the Connect Atlanta Plan.



The Atlanta BeltLine Eastside Trail supports recreation and transportation needs in Atlanta.

A supplement to the Connect Atlanta Plan



The 10th Street cycle track provides a protected bikeway facility connection between the Atlanta BeltLine Eastside Trail, Piedmont Park, and Midrown Atlanta.

Study Highlights

The Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study is a comprehensive implementation strategy for bicycling improvements in the core of the City. Important facts and features include:

Expand network of high-quality bicycle facilities - When implemented, the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* will add 31 miles of bikeway facilities that will include bike lanes, cycle tracks and multi-use paths. This addition more than doubles the existing network of 30 miles of bikeway facilities in the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study area*.

Create a complete and connected bikeway network - When implemented, the proposed network will "fill the gaps" in the existing bikeway network by providing cyclists with a contiguous bikeway network in the city center.

Connect bicyclists to transit - The *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* corridors connect to all of the MARTA stations within the Atlanta BeltLine loop as well as the Atlanta Streetcar. In total, the corridors connect directly with 12 of the 24 MARTA stations in the City of Atlanta.

Connect people to jobs - The study corridors connect two of the largest job centers in the Atlanta Region – Midtown and Downtown – as well as major employment hubs including universities, hospitals, and other civic institutions.

Connect people to neighborhoods - The study corridors pass through 35 neighborhoods. The proposed bikeway network will help people who live in the core of the city connect to jobs, parks and green spaces, and other daily destinations.

Develop new data metrics for cycling in Atlanta - In coordination with the Atlanta Regional Commission and the Atlanta Bicycle Coalition, researchers at the Georgia Institute of Technology worked with the City of Atlanta to develop a cycling-specific app. The app is being used to identify who is riding, where are they riding, and track changes in cycling rates over time as investments in cycling infrastructure are made.

Connect people to and from the Atlanta BeltLine - The Atlanta BeltLine is becoming a destination as well as a route option for people biking to different destinations in the City. The *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* bikeway network improves cycling connections to the Atlanta BeltLine by providing dedicated bicycle facilities along major street corridors.

Support a healthy and positive city image - The image of a 21st century city is one where people are active, healthy, and social. Completing the bikeway network will help the City increase cycling rates, which will in turn create an positive and active image of Atlanta.

Expand sustainable transportation options - The City of Atlanta is committed to expanding mobility options and reducing the carbon footprint of people living in, working in, and visiting the City. Cycling is a clean mode of transportation that reduces the need for fossil fuels and minimizes the impacts of transportation on air quality.

Create supportive cycling environment for a bike share system - One of the city-wide cycling goals for Atlanta is to launch a bike share system. Building the recommended bikeway network will create a supportive cycling environment for the wide range of bike share users.

Goals

The goals for Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study support the larger city-wide goals for cycling and transportation. As mentioned previously, this study is a supplement to the larger transportation strategy for Atlanta, which is outlined in the Connect Atlanta Plan.

City-Wide Transportation Goals

The overall goals defined in the Connect Atlanta Plan include:

- Build Transit Infrastructure
- Improve Existing Transit Service
- Promote Sustainable Travel Modes
- Untangle 'Hot Spots'
- Achieve a State of Good Repair
- Develop New Funding Sources

The Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study supports these larger goals by improving access to transit and expanding infrastructure that supports bicycling. It improves and expands travel options for residents, workers, and visitors, while improving street conditions and taking advantage of new or previously untapped funding sources.

City-wide Cycling Goals

Looking specifically at cycling in Atlanta, this planning study is part of an overall effort by the City of Atlanta to improve cycling conditions and rates in Atlanta. City-wide goals for cycling improvements include:

- Double bicycle commute to work mode share to 2.2% by
 2016
- Become top ten city in US for cycling to work (#23 in 2012)
- Become top ten city for cycling safety (#17 in 2012)
- Double miles of high-quality bicycle lanes/cycle tracks to 60 miles
- Double miles of high-quality linked shared-use paths to 60 miles
- Secure Silver or Gold Bicycle Friendly Community status
 Introduce bicycle sharing program that supports local economy
- Address several strategies in Power to Change, the City's long-term sustainability plan, including: air quality, community health/vitality, jobs and competitiveness and transportation

Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study Goals

In addition to the city-wide cycling goals, several specific goals were developed for Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study. They include:

- Prioritize "high quality" bikeway projects
- Design bikeway networks and facilities to attract riders that categorize themselves as "interested but concerned"
- Expand bicycle connectivity to all segments of the city
- Emphasize connectivity and accessibility for bikeway
 networks and facilities
- Develop baseline data for cycling rates, activities, and users
 to track impact of investment in bicycle infrastructure
- Raise awareness of the bikeability of Atlanta with education and promotional activities

The design and implementation strategies presented as part of this study support all of the goals outlined above.



Design Cyclists

Development of route options and the types of facilities for this project focused on the type of cyclists that should be accommodated with new investments in bike infrastructure. The Handlebar Committee, along with the public, developed the following criteria for the type of cyclists that bike facilities should accommodate:

- Women
- · Parents and their children
- College students
- Seniors and older adults
- Minorities
- Youth Make it safer for elementary, middle, and high school students to ride a bike to school
- City residents and workers that commute to job centers or to or from MARTA stations by bike

The overall focus with these cyclists is that cycling is something everyone should feel comfortable doing, regardless of their skill level, race, economic background, or age. Additionally, if facilities are designed that accommodate people that are more cautious about riding in traffic, you can also improve the riding experience for those that are more skilled or willing to ride in traffic. This approach was a key factor guiding the development of the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* bikeway network and corresponding bikeway facilities.





Network Overview

The overall goal for network design with this project is to develop five highquality corridors that are complete and extend from the Atlanta BeltLine to the core of the city. Additionally, the goal is to develop a network that includes higher quality facilities that accommodate a wider range of cyclists.

Each of the five corridors analyzed and designed as part of this study were identified as "Core Bicycle Corridors" in the *Connect Atlanta Plan*, the City of Atlanta's Comprehensive Transportation Plan. Additionally, each of the five corridors include "Secondary Bicycle Corridors" that offer alternative alignment options for each corridor. Each of the five corridors are summarized on the subsequent page and described in detail in their respective chapters of this report.

The maps on this page highlight the Connect Atlanta routes that established the study area and the refined network map that presents the proposed alignments and associated facility types proposed for *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study.*

Connect Atlanta Route Alignment Map



Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study Network Map



Corridor Summary

Corridor A

The core bicycle facilities and their alternative route options were used to guide the alignments for each corridor. Below is a summary of the context for each corridor. Additionally, each corridor has a stand-alone chapter in this report that describes the proposed network and facility designs in detail.



Peachtree Rd - W Peachtree St (US 19/SR 9) - Peachtree St -

- · 7.1 miles or 47 minutes by bike
- Connects 8 MARTA stations
- Connects 14 neighborhoods
- Connects 5 NPUs
- Connects 7 council districts



- · 3.6 miles or 24 minutes by bike
- Connects 1 MARTA station
- Connects 6 neighborhoods
- Connects 3 NPUs

Corridor B

W Marietta St - 10th St

Connects 3 council districts

Corridor C JE Boone Blvd – I Allen Jr Blvd – R McGill Blvd



- · 4.5 miles or 30 minutes by bike
- Connects 1 MARTA station
- Connects 9 neighborhoods
- Connects 3 NPUs
- Connects 2 council districts



- 4.3 miles or 28 minutes by hike
- Connects 3 MARTA stations
- Connects 11 neighborhoods
- Connects 5 NPUs

0

Corridor D

ML King Jr Dr - Woodward Ave

Connects 5 council districts

Corridor E Howell Mill Rd – Marietta St – Edgewood Ave – Euclid Ave



- · 6.7 miles or 45 minutes by bike
- Connects 3 MARTA stations
- Connects 11 neighborhoods
- Connects 4 NPUs
- Connects 3 council districts

Expanding the Network

When implemented, the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* recommendations will expand the existing bikeway network and "fill the gaps" between existing facilities. The completed network will increase the number of miles of bikeway facilities within the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* area by 103%, from 30 miles to 61 miles. The sections and charts below summarize existing conditions in the study area as well as the distribution of facility types. The recommendations will expand the number of miles of bikeway facilities available for cyclists and the type of facilities cyclists can use.

Existing Bikeway Facilities

At the end of 2012, the City of Atlanta had 69 miles of bikeway facilities. These facilities included shared lane markings, bike lanes, and multi-use paths. Within the study area, there are 30 miles of bikeways. Additionally, the facilities within the study area represent 44% of all of the facilities in Atlanta.

By facility type, the majority of facilities city-wide and within the study area are bike lanes and multi-use paths. Within the study area, the majority of facilities are multi-use paths, followed by bike lanes and shared lane markings.

Proposed Bikeway Facilities

By implementing the recommendations for this study, the City of Atlanta will double the bikeway network in the core of the City. In total, the recommendations for *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* represent 31 miles of new bikeway facilities.

By facility type, bike lanes represent the majority of the bikeway facilities with 18 miles, or 59%, recommended. Shared lane markings represent 16%, or 4 miles, of recommended bikeway facilities.

The recommendations also significantly expand the amount of separated facilities, including cycle tracks and multi-use paths. These facilities are desired by a wider range of cyclist skill levels, particularly those not comfortable riding in traffic. The recommendations add 5 miles of cycle tracks and 3 miles of multi-use paths. These facilities represent 25% of the recommended bikeway miles for this study.

Within the study area, there are...

30 miles of existing bikeways.

miles of proposed bikeways.

The proposed bikeways will expand the study area network by...

103%



Proposed Bikeway Facilities



Distance (miles)

Shared Lane Markings	4	
Bike Lanes	18	
Cycle Tracks	5	
Multi-Use Paths	3	
	31	

Funding Strategy

The cost estimates for this project were developed to help the City of Atlanta and its partners prioritize the bikeway projects presented in this study. The cost estimates can be used to develop stand-alone projects for implementation or they can be incorporated into broader transportation projects. Example projects include resurfacing projects, streetscape projects, re-striping projects, or other transportation projects that present an opportunity to incorporate the bikeway recommendations in this study.

The subsequent sections on this page describe the cost estimate methodology, the distribution of cost by corridor and bikeway facility type, as well as a summary of the Peachtree Street alternative treatment options. Additionally, project cost estimates are summarized at the beginning of each corridor chapter and in the appendix.

Cost Estimate Methodology

The cost estimates for *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* are planning-level cost estimates. They include an estimate of probable cost for construction, design, and contingency. Construction costs may include pavement marking removal, new pavement marking, bicycle signals and traffic signals, tubular markers, and multi-use path construction. Design costs are estimated to be 25% of construction costs and contingency is estimated to be 20% of construction costs.

The cost estimates do not include estimates for utility re-location, resurfacing, or right-of-way acquisition. These costs will need to be identified and developed as the projects go through the scoping, design, and construction phases. For projects that do need additional scope development, it has been noted in the *Design Schematics* section for each corridor chapter.

Resurfacing costs were specifically not included because not all of the streets with proposed bikeways require resurfacing. Some of the facilities can be implemented simply with removal of existing lane markings and the application of new pavement markings, signage, or signals. To estimate an order of magnitude cost, the City of Atlanta uses \$250,000 per mile for resurfacing planning-level cost estimates.

Peachtree Street Alternative Treatment Options

For this study, two cost estimates for Peachtree Street, from Interstate 85 to Linden Avenue, were developed. One option is for bike lanes and the estimated cost is \$376,163. A second option is for shared lane markings and the estimated cost is \$75,235. The cost estimate summaries on this page include the bike lane option and do not include the shared lane marking option. Additionally for more detailed information about the considerations associated with each option, see the *Corridor A* chapter.

Cost Summary

Overall, the cost estimates for all *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* projects is \$8,819,965, or \$284,515 per mile. The most expensive corridor to implement will be Corridor A. It is also the longest corridor and will cost \$4,216,955, or 48% of the total estimated cost for this study. The least expensive corridor to implement is Corridor D. It is also the shortest corridor and will cost \$322,502, or 4% of the total estimated cost for this study.

Cost By Corridor

By cost, Corridor A is the most expensive corridor but also the longest corridor. It will costs \$4,216,955, or 48% of the total estimated cost for this study, to implement. Corridor D is the least expensive corridor but also the shortest. It will cost \$322,502, or 4% of the total estimated cost for this study, to implement.

Cost by Facility Type

By facility type, bike lanes are the most expensive bikeway facility and represent 41% of the total estimated costs for this study. However, they also represent 58%, or 18 miles, of the total new bikeway miles for this study. Shared lane markings are the least expensive bikeway facility and represent just 5% of the total estimated costs for this study. However, they represent 13%, or 4 miles, of the total new bikeway miles for this study.

It should be noted that there is a balance between cost and level of protection or separation between cyclists and vehicles. In relative terms, the cost per mile is higher for cycle tracks and multi-use paths. However these facilities offer greater comfort and safety for cyclists. Likewise, bike lanes and shared lane markings have lower costs per mile but offer less protection and separation between vehicles and cyclists. As projects are prioritized, these considerations will need to be taken into account.

Proposed Facilities Length and Cost by Corridor



Note: Costs include construction, design, and contingency.

Proposed Facilities Length and Cost by Facility Type

100% 90% 80% 70% Distributior 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% Distance (miles) Cost Multi-Use Paths 3 \$2,697,748 Cvcle Tracks 6 \$2,015,132 Bike Lanes 18 \$3,615,899 Shared Lane Markings \$491,186 4 Total 31 \$8,819,965

Notes: Costs include construction, design, and contingency; Bike lane category includes bike lanes, contra-flow bike lanes and buffered bike lanes.

On-Street Marked Bikeway Continuum

As a general rule, the level of comfort for cyclists is a balance between traffic volumes, speeds, and physical separation from vehicular traffic. On streets with lower traffic volumes and speeds, people can feel safe sharing travel lanes with vehicles. For these streets, shared lane markings can suffice to improve the level of comfort for cyclists. However, along streets with higher traffic volumes and speeds, and dedicated and protected space for people, cycling helps improve safety and the perception of safety for interested cyclists.

The diagram on this page provides a graphic summary of the continuum of on-street marked bikeway facilities. For this project, a full range of facility types was selected to create a balanced bikeway network that can accommodate a wider range of rider types.



Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study Facility Types

A variety of bicycle facilities have been used to develop the Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study network. The facilities were selected with the overall goal of providing the most protection and separation possible given the conditions along each corridor. Below is a description of the facilities that are described throughout this document in maps and graphics.

Shared Lane Marking

Bike Boulevard



Shared lane markings, or "sharrows," are road markings used to indicate a shared lane environment for bicycles and automobiles. Among other benefits, shared lane markings reinforce the legitimacy of bicycle traffic on Bicycle Boulevards use signs, pavement markings, and speed volume the street, recommend proper bicycle positioning, and may be configured to offer directional and wayfinding guidance. It should be noted that shared lane markings are not a facility type, but rather a pavement parking with a variety of use to support a complete bikeway network.



Bicycle boulevards are streets with low motorized traffic volumes and speeds, designated and designed to give priority to bicycle travel. management measures to discourage through trips by motor vehicles and create safe, convenient crossings of busy arterial streets.

Bike Lane



Bike lanes designate an exclusive space for bicyclists through the use of pavement markings and signage. The bike lane is located adjacent to motor vehicle travel lanes and flows in the same direction as motor vehicle travel lane and/or parking lane. These lanes provide greater separation traffic. Bike lanes enable bicyclists to ride at their preferred speed without interference from prevailing traffic conditions.

Buffered Bike Lane



Buffered bike lanes are conventional bicycle lanes paired with a designated buffer space separating the bicycle lane from the adjacent motor vehicle between bicyclists and motor vehicles, and appeal to a wider cross-section of bicycle users.

Contra-Flow Bike Lane



Contra-flow bicycle lanes are bicycle lanes designed to allow bicyclists to ride in the opposite direction of motor vehicle traffic. They convert a oneway traffic street into a two-way street: one direction of motor vehicles and bikes, and the other bikes only. These lanes are used along corridors where alternative routes include unsafe or uncomfortable streets with high traffic volumes and/or no bicycle facilities or where two-way connections between bicycle facilities are needed along one-way streets.

Source: Text adapted from the NACTO Urban Bikeway Design Guide.

Protected Cycle Track



A cycle track is an exclusive bike facility that combines the user experience A raised cycle track is a type of cycle track that is vertically separated from of a separated path with on-street infrastructure of a conventional bike lane. A cycle track is physically separated from motor vehicles and distinct from the sidewalk. Cycle tracks may be one-way or two-way. By separating cyclists from motor traffic, cycle tracks can offer a higher level of security than bike lanes and are attractive to a wider spectrum of the public.

Raised Cycle Track



motor vehicle traffic. They may be at the level of the adjacent sidewalk, or set at an intermediate level between the roadway and sidewalk to segregate the cycle track from the pedestrian area. They may also be designed for one-way or two-way travel by bicyclists. A raised cycle track can provide additional separation and protection between bicyclists and motor vehicles

Multi-Use Path



Multi-use paths are off-street bike facilities that are designed to accommodate bicyclists and pedestrians. Multi-use paths can be placed adjacent to a street and take the place of a sidewalk or be completely separated from a street, such as along a greenway. Multi-use paths for the Cvcle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study are used to connect the off-street multi-use path network to on-street bike facilities.

Network Design

The focus for this study was on five bicycle corridors identified in the Connect Atlanta Plan, the City of Atlanta's transportation plan. The proposed network design for this study presents a complete and connected network that links the five study corridors to each other, as well as other existing and proposed bikeway facilities. It should be noted that this study does not preclude the need to develop a city-wide bicycle network or to provide bicycle accommodations as part of complete street provisions on all streets in the City.

Several factors were considered when developing the alignments for the Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study bikeway network. No one factor was given more weight than the others when considering the entire network design. However for different sections of corridors, some factors were given more priority than others.

For example, the corridor alignment along the southern portion of Corridor A provides two parallel route options. One alignment is a protected facility along the western edge of the rail lines and the MARTA lines as the corridor travels from the Atlanta BeltLine to the Centennial Olympic Park area. The other parallel alignment is a bike lane that runs along the eastern edge of the rail lines and MARTA lines as the corridor travels from the Atlanta BeltLine to Downtown. Because there are few places to cross the rail lines in this area, bike facilities are proposed along both sides of the rail lines.

This strategy was used for several reasons. For one, the alignments provide bike facilities for neighborhoods on both sides of the rail lines and accommodate different types of cyclists. The alignments also connect to different destinations once Corridor A enters Downtown.

Additionally, traffic volumes are relatively low along both routes, which allow for travel lane reductions to accommodate bike facilities within the existing curb-to-curb width. However, the street widths and the number of travel lanes along the western alignment more easily accommodate a protected facility while the same considerations along the eastern alignment more easily accommodate bike lanes. This balanced approach of considering a range of design factors was applied to each Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study corridor when developing the bikeway network.

Network Design Factors

Existing facilities

Completing the network of existing facilities was a key consideration with There are many transportation improvement projects that have been the network development. The focus was on creating continuous bike facility routes along each of the five study corridors.

Connections to destinations

Providing people with the option of biking to major destinations in Atlanta using dedicated bike facilities was given significant consideration.

Transit connectivity

Improving connections to MARTA stations was an important factor in developing the route alignments. Whether traveling to or from a MARTA station, cyclists will have improved route options to get to their destinations by combining a bike and transit trip.

Route choice

The study alignments are designed to give cyclists more than one route option where possible. People may need to travel one way in the morning from home to work and another way from work to the grocery store in the afternoon. For a variety of reasons, people need more than one route option to get to their destinations by bike. Corridor alignments were developed with this consideration in mind.

Accommodating different rider types

Not every cyclist is comfortable riding along a street with bike lanes or shared lane markings. For some, having a protected facility or a route along a street with low vehicle volumes is preferred. Where possible, parallel route alignments were developed to provide a protected facility or "low stress" route option and a bike lane or shared lane marking route option.

Proposed projects and project coordination

proposed or are the process of being implemented. The proposed bike facilities were developed with consideration for previous planning studies, projects scheduled for construction, or projects currently being designed and developed.

Traffic volumes and speeds

Motor vehicle volumes and speeds along proposed routes were one of several factors considered when selecting corridor alignments and the facility type for each alignment. Where motor vehicle volumes and speeds are high, more separation between cyclists and motorists is warranted. Furthermore along many of the study corridors, travel lane reductions are necessary to accommodate bike facilities without moving the existing curb locations. The capacity of roadways to handle motor vehicle traffic with reduced travel lanes was reviewed.

Physical barriers

Physical barriers, such as interstates and rail lines, are a part of traveling in Atlanta. They limit the number of places one can cross from one side to the other and often concentrate all modes of travel to confined crossings, such as bridges or underpasses. Wherever possible, route alignments used existing bridges and underpasses to cross over or under these barriers. Additionally, parallel routes were designed to expand route options on either side of these barriers where possible.

Street network (one way vs two way, short trip vs long trip)

The street network in Atlanta can provide convenience or inconvenience depending on the type of trip and one's final destination. One-way streets can mean having to travel extra distances to get to one's final destination. Additionally, signal timing and the frequency of intersections along certain routes can speed up or slow down one's trip time. With innovations in bike facility designs, two-way cycle tracks and contra-flow bike lanes can create opportunities for two-way bicycle facilities along one-way streets for vehicles. These treatments are often used to provide alternative bicycle routes to major streets with confined right-of-way widths and high vehicular volumes. Additionally, some routes are designed with commuters or longer trips in mind, while other routes are designed to accommodate shorter or more localized trips.

Facility Design

Like the network design approach, several factors were considered when developing the facility designs along each corridor. No one factor was given more weight than the others when considering the entire network design. However for different sections of corridors, some factors were given more priority than others.

Facility design was developed parallel with the network design. For most of the proposed facilities along each corridor, cross sections have been developed for a particular segment. Where a facility type changes or the lane configurations and facility dimensions change, a new cross section was developed. With this project, every corridor has a proposed facility type with dimensions and associated cost estimates, has a project that is already designed and programmed for construction, or already has an existing facility.

Additionally, corridor segments that have already been designed or are going through the construction process do not have cross sections for this study because the designs have already been developed. Examples include the two-way cycle track along 10th Street between Monroe Drive and Piedmont Road, as well as the new streetscape project along MLK Jr. Drive from Ollie Street to Northside Drive.

Facility Design Factors

Right-of-way width

One of the primary considerations with facility design was 'what can be done within the existing right-of-way?' Moving curbs and relocating utilities can increase project costs and the amount of time it takes to design and build a project. For most of the projects developed, the strategy was to use the existing width between the existing curbs to install bikeway facilities and re-configure travel lanes.

Safety

Safety was considered for all roadway users. For many projects, adding bikeway facilities and re-configuring lanes improves street conditions for people driving, biking, and walking. For example, many of the projects include lane reductions that add a center turn lane and bike facilities to a Balancing roadway motor vehicular capacity with the need of all street users street. The center turn lane can improve the safety of left turn movements for vehicles while the lane reduction creates dedicated space for bicvclists riding along a street. This same approach often has the added benefit of reducing vehicle speeds, which benefits everyone using the street from a Design Strategy section of this chapter. safety perspective.

Likewise, important intersections were given extra consideration in order to develop treatments that mitigate conflicts between people driving and biking. The intersection designs are also developed to improve visibility of cyclists at intersections and help bicyclists cross through intersections more safely.

Lane configuration and alignment

Adding bikeway facilities along most of the corridors also required travel lane re-configuration or new alignments, particularly at intersections. The type of facility along each corridor segment, which side of the street they are applied, and how all of the bike lanes and travel lanes align as they change along the corridor was taken into consideration.

Intersection design

As mentioned with other facility design factors, intersection design was considered, particularly at key intersections. Issues like improving vehicular turning movements, improving bicycle turning movements, enhancing bicycle visibility, and improving wayfinding for bicyclists at intersections were all taken into account when developing intersection designs and facility cross sections.

On-street parking

The design strategy for on-street parking was to preserve existing on-street parking wherever possible. However, in select cases on-street parking needs to be removed or re-located to safely accommodate the addition of a bike facility. Where existing on-street parking is impacted, it is noted in the corridor schematics section of this report.

Additionally creating opportunities for on-street parking was also considered. On-street parking was added where it could improve access to businesses or residential areas or safety and comfort for cyclists (to create a buffer between cyclists and travel lanes).

Motor vehicular capacity

was also a consideration. Many of Atlanta's streets have excess capacity and present an opportunity to remove a travel lane to accommodate a bike facility. For more on this approach, see the Lane Reduction and Street

Cost

Managing cost was an important component of developing facility designs. Developing projects that work with the existing curb-to-curb width helps keep project costs down and reduces the time it takes to construct facilities. Moving street curbs adds additional cost because of construction requirements, the need to move utilities (above and below ground), or the purchase of right-of-way.

Lane Reduction and Street Design Strategy

In urban settings, street space is a premium and often has to be prioritized based on the needs of people traveling along the street as well as the businesses and residences that live and work along the street. As described and analyzed in the *Connect Atlanta Plan*, many of Atlanta's streets have been designed to accommodate high-speed traffic flow. Some of these street design strategies include one-way streets, reversible lanes, multilane streets with large spacing between signals among others. While these design strategies may have improved travel time for people driving, they have often created unsafe conditions for people using the street because of higher vehicle speeds and created "bottle necks" at key intersections due to the rate at which vehicles can travel from one intersection to another.

To improve safety and create space for a wider range of people using the street, *Connect Atlanta* outlined several strategies for travel lane reductions or travel lane re-configurations that can improve safety, mobility and access for the wider range of people driving, walking, biking, and taking public transportation.

One of the most cost-effective strategies is the removal of one or more travel lanes for vehicles. The removal of a travel lane can create street space for bike facilities or sidewalks and improve driving conditions all at the same time. As described and analyzed in the *Connect Atlanta Plan*, many of Atlanta's streets are candidates for lane reductions. For a four-lane street, the *Connect Atlanta Plan* threshold for consideration of a lane reduction from four to three lanes is 25,000 vehicles per day. For a six-lane street, the *Connect Atlanta Plan* threshold for consideration of a lane reduction from six to five lanes is 35,000.

For Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study, these thresholds were used as a guide to consider street design strategies along the five study corridors. Many other factors were also considered and are outlined in the *Network Design* and *Facility Design* sections of this chapter. As is illustrated in the chapters for each corridor, many of the streets along each corridor are over-built and can have one or more travel lanes removed to accommodate the proposed bikeway facilities.

Beyond simply removing a lane, the *Connect Atlanta Plan* outlined several other street design strategies that can be used as part of a lane reduction or on their own to create space for bike facilities and improve safety for all street users. They include the following:

- Left turn lanes to restore capacity Many of Atlanta's streets are fouror six-lane undivided streets with no medians or left turn lanes. In urban conditions where left turns can be frequent, the lack of dedicated space for left-turning vehicles can actually reduce the vehicular capacity of travel lanes and create unsafe conditions for people driving. Adding a left turn lane can actually improve vehicular capacity for outside travel lanes, which can preserve or improve vehicular capacity along a street. Additionally, the left turn lane can improve turning safety at intersections or midblock.
- **Correct lane imbalances** Some streets in Atlanta have additional travel lanes for one direction of travel, e.g., one travel lane for north-bound traffic and two travel lanes for south-bound traffic. While these streets may have needed the additional lane in the past, often times these additional lanes are no longer needed and can present an opportunity to create additional space for bikeway facilities. Likewise, some of the imbalances have created confusion or awkward turning movements at intersections. Re-configuring the alignment of lanes, particularly at intersections, can often improve safety for people driving, walking, and biking through intersections. These strategies were used to create space for bikeway facilities and in some cases improve safety conditions for all users.

Re-calibrate speeds – Posted travel speeds and actual travel speeds can often be different because of the street's physical design. Travel lane widths and the presence (or lack) of street elements, such as trees or onstreet parking, can influence how fast people feel comfortable driving. Along some of Atlanta's streets, vehicular speeds are high because they are overly wide or have few street elements that would encourage people to slow down. The effect is that streets can be uncomfortable and unsafe for all users, including people walking and biking. Lane narrowing, adding on-street parking, reducing travel lanes, and adding bikeway facilities were all used as strategies to re-calibrate streets to be safer and more comfortable for all users.





In the Illustration above from the *Connect Atlanto Plan*, the number of travel lanes is reduced from four lanes to three lanes. With one fewer lane, the extra street space can be used for expansion of sidewalks, street trees, or bikeway facilities. The addition of the center turn lane helps preserve vehicular capacity for the outside travel lanes while also improving safety for vehicles making left turns, either midblock or at intersections. This type of street design strategy was used frequently with this study to create space for bikeway facilities.

CycleAtlanta App

In tandem with this study, the City of Atlanta collaborated with the Georgia Institute of Technology (Georgia Tech), the Atlanta Bicycle Coalition (ABC), and the Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC) to develop an innovative smartphone app that can be used to collect information about the routes people are using to bicycle. The information collected through April 2013 was used to inform the network and facility design for this study. Below is a summary of the app and its development.

Preliminary analysis results are presented in the *Analysis* section of this report. The data collected as part of this effort will be used to track changes in cycling behavior in Atlanta as bikeway facilities are built and the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* bikeway network is completed.

What is the CycleAtlanta app?

CycleAtlanta (http://cycleatlanta.org/) is an application for iPhone and Android that collects data about cyclists' routes, origins, destinations, demographics, and features of note in the City of Atlanta. The initial version of the app uses a smartphone's geolocative capabilities to record a cyclist's bike route as she travels to her destination. This allows City of Atlanta transportation planners to see which roads are avoided and which are popular, and use this information to inform future decisions about where infrastructure is needed to create bike-friendly routes through the city. The app also allows cyclists to enter their demographic data, rider type, and ride frequency to further analyze data collected.

In the first major revision of the app, the CycleAtlanta team has added the ability to crowdsource issues and amenities found en route, allowing users to contextualize or elaborate on a specific route. Users 'pin' noteworthy spots along their route, such as amenities (bike parking, bike shops or repair kits, public restrooms, secret passages, and water fountains) or infrastructure conditions that need improvement (pavement issues, traffic signals, enforcement, bike parking or bike lane issues). The goal of the project is to connect citizens to local government through the app, allowing them to participate in the planning process without being inhibited by spatial or temporal limitations in existing participatory planning practices.



The CycleAtlanta app has collected thousands of trips that help illustrate the route preferences of cyclists in the City. Some riders have also provided demographic and other information that helps answer questions like "Who is riding?", "Why are they riding?", and "How can cycling conditions being improved?" All of the data collected is being used to establish base-line metrics. These metrics will be used to analyze changes in cycling rates, attitudes, conditions, and demographics over the next five years as the recommendations from this study are implemented.

How do cyclists use CycleAtlanta app?

Once the app is launched, cyclists simply tap "Start" to beging recording their ride. When the ride is over, they tap "Save" and add additional detail about trip purpose and optional comments. After the data is uploaded, CycleAtlanta displays the map of the ride, showing the route, distance travelled, and average speed. The app user can visit their previous trips details (date, time, distance, speed, CO₂ saved, and calories burned) by looking at "My Trips" in the app. To note an issue or amenity, the cyclist taps "Note that" and selects the feature from a rolling menu. Upon hitting "Save," they are able to enter additional details or upload a picture to the app. By clicking on "My Notes," the previously entered notes can be viewed. The app will allow users to optionally add input personal demographic information, select categories for their cycling frequency and rider type, and provide their email address to receive updates about the study from the City of Atlanta.

Why is CycleAtlanta app needed?

50% of all trips in the U.S. are 3 miles or less, yet only 1.8% of those trips are taken by bicycle¹. Meanwhile, 35.7% of US adults are obese² and the transportation sector accounts for 32% of US greenhouse gases³. By increasing the use of bicycle transportation, we may begin to make an impact on the health and environmental issues facing our country.

One of the main reasons citizens do not use the healthier mode of cycling is due to a lack of safe infrastructure—dedicated bicycle routes, roads with bicycle lanes, and other designated bicycle facilities. Cyclists in general prefer riding on dedicated infrastructure⁴, and many demographic groups, particularly women, have specific preferences regarding bike infrastructure⁵. The City of Atlanta has a desire to put proper cycling infrastructure in place but needs information from citizens to prioritize improvements in a fiscally-constrained environment. Therefore, the purpose of CycleAtlanta is to involve citizens in bicycle infrastructure improvement decisions in the City of Atlanta, both to maximize the benefit of bike infrastructure funding and to empower citizens to be more active in transportation decisions.

Who is on the CycleAtlanta app team?

Dr. Kari Edison Watkins of Civil and Environmental Engineering and Dr. Christopher LeDantec of Digital Media, both Assistant Professors at Georgia Tech, are leading the project. Their team of students includes Mariam Asad, Anhong Guo, Aditi Misra, Alex Poznanski, and Caleb Southern. CycleAtlanta is a joint project between the City of Atlanta Department of Planning & Community Development, Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta Bicycle Coalition, and Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC). It is funded through a contribution from the Atlanta Bicycle Coalition and the Atlanta Regional Commission's Livable Centers Initiative planning program. Additional support is provided by the GVU Center and the Institute for People and Technology at Georgia Tech.

CycleAtlanta is based on the open-source CycleTracks application originally developed for San Francisco, CA, and adopted in Austin, TX and Charlottesville, NC⁶. The Cycle Atlanta project team has already contributed substantial revisions to the code base and plans to continue to do so throughout the project.

 The state of the state of

In addition to tracking route information and other information like trip purpose, version two of the app has additional features like making notes about conditions that need to be improved or cycling-supportive community features, such as bike shops.

1. League of American Bicyclists, 2010, http://www.bikeleague.org/resources/reports/pdfs/ nhts09.pdf

2. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2012, http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/databriefs/db82.pdf

3. International Transport Forum, 2010, http://www.internationaltransportforum.org/jtrc/ environment/CO2/USA.pdf

 Tilahun, N. Y., D. M. Levinson, and K. J. Krizek. Trails, lanes, or traffic: Valuing bicycle facilities with an adaptive stated preference survey. Transportation Research Part A: Policy and Practice, Vol. 41, May 2007, pp. 287–301.

 Krizek, K. J., P. J. Johnson, and N. Tilahun. Gender Differences in Bicycling Behavior and Facility Preferences. Research on Women's Issues in Transportation, Transportation Research Board of the National Academies. 2004.

6. http://www.sfcta.org/content/category/12/97/483/

Cyclist Gender



One of the goals for this study is to develop baseline data for cycling rates, activities, and users to track the impact of investment in bicycle infrastructure. The CycleAtlanta App was developed to help with this effort. Since its initial launch, it has collected information about thousands of trips and rider information, which app users could elect whether to provide.

The information in the subsequent sections is a summary of findings developed by Alex Poznanski, one of the CycleAtlanta App team members. The findings are part of his thesis at the Georgia Institute of Technology.

The charts compare CycleAtlanta app data (CATL) to external data sets including the National Household Travel Survey (NHTS) and the 2012 Atlanta Bike to Work Challenge (BTW). Each chart notes the sample size for each data set used for analysis.

For more detailed analysis, see Alex Poznaski's thesis.

Poznanski, Alex J. "Analyzing Demographic and Geographic Characteristics of "Cycle Atlanta" Smartphone Application Users." Thesis. Georgia Institute of Technology, 2013. Print.

What type of rider are app users?

Of the app users that provide information about the type of cyclist they consider themselves, the majority of themselves as "enthused and confident" or "comfortable but cautious." Another goal for this study is to increase the cycling rates for those that consider themselves "interested but concerned." More protected facilities and enhanced intersections can help increase the cycling rates for this portion of the community.





How often are app users riding?

The majority of CycleAtlanta app users ride often (several times a week or daily). One of the goals for this study is to increase the frequency of cycling in Atlanta to be a part of daily life. A more complete and connected cycling network in Atlanta can help make cycling a part of every day trips and recreation.





Who is riding?

Cyclists in Atlanta today are predominately young men. However, surveys and the CycleAtlanta app data shows that people of all ages, races, and genders are riding. A major goal for this study and city-wide cycling is to increase the cycling rate for these minority groups. The goal is to make cycling a transportation option that is safe and convenient for anyone in the community, regardless of age, gender, or ethnicity.

NHTS - National Household Travel Survey

- CATL Cycle Atlanta
- BTW Bike to Work Challenge











Community Involvement

Community involvement for this study was a collaborative effort between the design team, City of Atlanta officials, stakeholders, and the public. The process was used to establish project goals, develop and refine concepts, and collect feedback and data as the study was developed. Input was collected through meetings with the public and stakeholders, as well as the CycleAtlanta app, an innovative smartphone application developed for this project to collect cycling data from users in real time. A summary of the community input opportunities used to develop this study are discussed in more detail below.

Handlebar Committee

The Handlebar Committee served as the technical review committee for this study. The group included city transportation officials, advocacy groups, university officials, and business owners, as well as transit and transportation partners. The Handlebar Committee met three times during the study including a project kick-off meeting in the Fall of 2012 (to establish the goals for the project), during the charrette (to review work in progress), and in the Spring of 2013 (to review the final plan).

Charrette

The *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* charrette was held over a four-day period from Monday, February 11 to Thursday, February 14. During the charrette, the design team used a series of feedback loops between stakeholders, the public, and representatives from the City of Atlanta to propose, test, and refine recommendations for each study corridor. In particular, the design team:

- Reviewed and analyzed existing conditions along the study corridors
- Collected input from the key stakeholders and the public
- · Developed initial concepts for each corridor
- Tested the concepts with field visits and assessments
- · Refined design concepts for each corridor
- Developed a working list of treatments for each corridor based on input received

Stakeholder Meetings

Stakeholder meetings were conducted during the charrette and were conducted on a rolling basis over the four days. The stakeholder interviews allowed the design team to have one-on-one discussions with key stakeholders that have technical expertise or intimate knowledge about particular project corridors or projects along or near the study area that could impact the development of this study. Stakeholders included nonprofits, such as the PATH Foundation, advocacy groups, such as the Atlanta Bicycle Coalition, business representatives, such as Coca-Cola, university leaders, such as campus planners from Georgia State University, as well as other city departments, such as the Department of Watershed Management.

Public Meeting

One public meeting was held at the Invest Atlanta office on Tuesday, February 12, 2013, which was in coordination with the second day of the charrette. Over 20 attendees received a presentation about the project and divided into smaller groups to provide detailed feedback on "work in progress" for the charrette. The input from the meeting was used to refine the proposed corridor alignments and facility types along each of the five corridors.

CycleAtlanta App

As of August 2013, the CycleAtlanta app had collected over 12,000 trips and over 1,000 users. The app data was used on a continuous basis through the project to identify routes cyclists are currently using, identify the types of routes cyclists are selected based on the self-assigned skill level, or routes based on other demographics, such as age and gender.



Stakeholders met one-on-one with the design team and city officials during the charrette to discuss project goals and proposed concepts in detail.



The public meeting provided an opportunity for the community to learn about the project, share their desires for better cycling conditions in Atlanta, and help the design team develop the plan recommendations.



Work by the design team during the charrette included field work to measure and test design concepts.

Corridor A. Brookwood - Midtown - Downtown - West End

Peachtree Rd. – W Peachtree St. (US 19/SR 9) – Peachtree St. – Whitehall St. – Murphy Ave.

Overview

Corridor A is the longest of the five *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* corridors and it also the most significant in terms of connections. The corridor connects to the most MARTA stations (8 of 24 Atlanta stations) of the five corridors, the most destinations of all of the corridors, and to all four of the other *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* corridors. Corridor A, or the "Peachtree Corridor," is the "spine" of the cycling network in Atlanta.

The CycleAtlanta smartphone app data confirms this statement. Besides the Eastside Trail along the Atlanta BeltLine, the segment of Peachtree Street from Amtrak Station to the Five Points MARTA station appears to have recorded the greatest volume of trips. From the route data, it appears many bicyclists are using Peachtree Street either as a portion of their route navigating Midtown or Downtown or as their trip destination or origin along Peachtree Street. Either way, Peachtree Street is a significant bike route today even without dedicated bike facilities. With growth in cycling rates anticipated and with the City of Atlanta pursuing the launch of a city-wide bike share system, this study looked at ways to accommodate a wider range of bicyclists along the street.

In particular, the segment of Peachtree Street from the bridge over Interstate 85 to Linden Avenue was given additional focus. This focus was due to the significance of this route in terms of context, connectedness, and complexity.

For this stretch of Peachtree Street, two bikeway scenarios were developed. One scenario includes keeping the current lane configuration and applying shared lane markings to the outside travel lanes. This treatment would be the least costly to implement and would raise awareness of cyclists. However, it does not provide a dedicated space for bicyclists, which is necessary to attract a wider range of cyclists.

The second scenario includes reducing the number of travel lanes to create space for bike lanes. This treatment would be more costly to implement and could impact vehicular traffic patterns. However, it would also provide dedicated space for cyclists. The character of the street would likely change too to one that is more comfortable to walk and bike along because of the anticipated reduction in vehicle speeds and volumes.

Through the planning process for this study, the bike lane option was determined to be the preferred option. Before a final treatment is selected, additional discussion and analysis should focus on what the impact in Midtown might do to the image and function of Peacthree Street by adding bike lanes.

Network Design

Corridor A contains the greatest destination connectivity. To accommodate this consideration and to give cyclists a variety of route options, the alignment often includes parallel routes with a variety of bikeway types.

From the north, Peachtree Road connects Buckhead neighborhoods and Piedmont Hospital to bikeway facilities in Midtown. Once in Midtown, cyclists will have several route options depending on their destination, skill level, and direction of travel.

West Peachtree Street, Peachtree Street, Juniper Street, and Piedmont Avenue will provide north-south options through Midtown and provide a connection to Downtown. These streets also provide connections to eastwest corridor routes along 8th/10th/12th Streets and Joseph E. Boone/Ralph McGill Boulevard.

In Downtown, the primary north-south facilities will diverge off of Peachtree Street to avoid the Atlanta Streetcar. One route option will be a cycle track along Peachtree Center Avenue/Gilmer Street/Courtland Street/Washington Street. This route option will provide a continuous, protected facility from Peachtree Street and Ralph McGill Boulevard to Memorial Drive.

The other primary route option will be a cycle track along John Portman Boulevard, Centennial Olympic Park Drive, and Walker Street. This route option will provide a continuous, protected facility from Peachtree Street and John Portman Boulevard to Castleberry Hill and Peters Street.

From the southern end of the corridor, people will travel along Lee Street/ Peters Street or Murphy Avenue/Whitehall Street. This stretch of the corridor is split by active rail lines and there are only a few areas one can cross from one side to the other. To accommodate people on both sides of the rail lines and to provide the option of using a protected facility or dedicated bike lane, both alignments have been developed.

Along Peters Street and Lee Street, traffic volumes and right-of-way allow for a multi-use path to be installed. This facility will provide a protected facility connection from the Atlanta BeltLine to West End and areas of Downtown. Along Murphy Avenue and Whitehall Street, street right-of-way widths and traffic volumes are more accommodating for bike lanes.

Facility Design

Corridor A has the greatest length of protected bike facilities of all the corridors. This is the result of the longer corridor length and wider streets with excess lane capacity. If bike lanes are selected as the preferred facility type along Peachtree Street in Midtown, bicyclists will be able to ride their bike in a bike lane or protected facility, such as a cycle track or multi-use path from Buckhead to West End.

Because many of the route alignments run along major streets and they connect to other major streets, intersection designs will be more important and complex. The additional focus on intersection design will improve safety for all roadway users. Several intersection concept designs have been developed with this project, including the area around the West End MARTA station, Centennial Olympic Park and the Peachtree Street- Ralph McGill Boulevard-Peachtree Center Avenue intersection. As projects along this corridor are implemented, design professionals should prioritize safe intersection design. This is particularly true for the facilities in Midtown and Downtown.

A supplement to the Connect Atlanta Plan



Corridor Length

7.1 miles 47 minutes by bike

Major Destinations

Atlanta BeltLine **Piedmont Hospital** Savannah College of Art and Design High Museum of Art Midtown Mile Fox Theatre Georgia Institute of Technology Emory University Hospital Midtown Peachtree Center Woodruff Park Georgia State University Underground Atlanta Fulton County Government Center Georgia State Capital City of Atlanta City Hall Centennial Olympic Park Georgia World Congress Center Georgia Dome/Philips Arena/CNN Center Atlanta University Center West End Business District

MARTA Stations

Arts Center Midtown North Avenue Civic Center Peachtree Center Five Points Gamett West End

Neighborhoods

Colonial Homes Ardmore Brookwood Hills Midtown Ansley Park Downtown Castleberry Hill Mechanicsville Pittsburgh Adair Park The Villages at Castleberry Hill Atlanta University Center Westend Oakland City

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Council Districts 2 4 5 6 7 8	

Atlanta BeltLine Subarea 7 Master Plan Atlanta BeltLine Subarea 1 Master Plan Atlanta BeltLine Subarea 2 Master Plan Brookwood Alliance Master Plan Greenprint Midtown The Atlanta Connector Project Imagine Downtown: ENCORE LCI West End LCI

Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study

Corridor A Network Design Map



Corridor A Projects

The projects listed in the table below are the projects currently programmed for construction along the corridor as well as new projects proposed as part of the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study.* Facility type, the street that the project applies to, a description of the start and end points for the projects and a summary cost estimate are provided. Additional project cost information is provided in the Appendix for each project.

Rike Lane	and the second				
	Murphy Avenue	Ralph David Abernathy Boulevard	Sylvan Road		n/a
Protected Cycle Track	West Peachtree Street	12th Street	North Avenue		n/a
hared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	West Peachtree Street	North Avenue		n/a
Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	North Avenue	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard		n/a
3ike Lane	Peachtree Road	Colonial Homes Drive	Interstate 85	A1, A2, A3, A4	\$229,841
8ike Lane	Peachtree Street	Interstate 85	Linden Avenue	A5, A6b, A7b, A8b, A13b, A14b, A16b, A19b, A21b	\$478,072
ihared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	Interstate 85	Linden Avenue	A5, A6a, A7a, A8a, A13a, A14a, A16a, A19a, A21a	\$98,221
Cycle Track	West Peachtree Street	Peachtree Street	Porter Place	A12, A15, A17, A18, A20, A22, A24, A26, A27	\$280,876
hared Lane Markings	Peachtree Street	Porter Place	John Portman Boulevard	A28, A48	\$4,899
Cycle Track	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Marietta Street	Nelson Street	A43, A44, A45, A46	\$264,858
Cycle Track	Gilmer Street-Courtland Street-Washington Street	Peachtree Center Avenue	Memorial Drive	A29, A30	\$286,312
Suffered Bike Lane	Memorial Drive	Peachtree Street	Fraser Avenue	A32	\$142,496
Multi-Use Path	Peters Street-Whitehall Street	Walker Street	Ralph David Abernathy Boulevard	A34, A35, A37	\$885,364
3ike Lane	Peachtree Street	Mitchell Street	Memorial Drive	A31	\$84,859
3ike Lane	Whitehall Street-Murphy Avenue	Peachtree Street	Sylvan Road	A33, A36, A39, A40, A42	\$241,995
Multi-Use Path	Lee Street	Sylvan Road	Ralph David Abernathy Boulevard	A38, A41	\$990,568
8ike Lane/Shared Lane Marking	17th Street	West Peachtree Street	Peachtree Circle	A9,A10,A11	\$17,117
Cycle Track	Courtland Street	Ponce de Leon Avenue	Ralph McGill Boulevard	A47	\$93,590
	nared Lane Marking ycle Track hared Lane Markings ycle Track ycle Track uffered Bike Lane ulti-Use Path ke Lane ke Lane lulti-Use Path ke Lane/Shared Lane arking ycle Track	hared Lane Marking Peachtree Street ycle Track West Peachtree Street hared Lane Markings Peachtree Street ycle Track Centennial Olympic Park Drive ycle Track Gilmer Street-Courtland Street-Washington Street utfored Bike Lane Memorial Drive tulti-Use Path Peters Street-Whitehall Street ke Lane Peachtree Street ke Lane Whitehall Street-Murphy Avenue utit-Use Path Lee Street ke Lane 17th Street ike Lane/Shared Lane 17th Street arking 2012	hared Lane Marking Peachtree Street Interstate 85 ycle Track West Peachtree Street Peachtree Street hared Lane Markings Peachtree Street Porter Place ycle Track Centennial Olympic Park Marletta Street Drive Prack Gilmer Street-Courtland Street-Washington Street uffered Bike Lane Memorial Drive Peachtree Street util-Use Path Peters Street-Whitehall Walker Street ke Lane Peachtree Street Mitchell Street ke Lane Whitehall Street-Murphy Peachtree Street whitehall Street Street ke Lane Whitehall Street Street ke Lane Whitehall Street Street ke Lane Whitehall Street Street ke Lane Whitehall Street Witchell Street ke Lane Whitehall Street Street ke Lane Whitehall Street Street ke Lane Treet Street Street ke Lane Street Street Street ke Lane Street Street Street ke Lane Courtland Street Street Street ke Lane Street Street Street ke Lane Street Stree	nared Lane Marking Peachtree Street Interstate 85 Linden Avenue ycle Track West Peachtree Street Peachtree Street Porter Place nared Lane Markings Peachtree Street Porter Place John Portman Boulevard ycle Track Centennial Olympic Park Drive Porter Place John Portman Boulevard ycle Track Centennial Olympic Park Drive Marletta Street Nelson Street ycle Track Gilmer Street-Courtland Street-Washington Street Peachtree Center Avenue Memorial Drive yde Track Gilmer Street-Courtland Street Peachtree Street Fraser Avenue uffered Bike Lane Memorial Drive Peachtree Street Fraser Avenue ulti-Use Path Peters Street-Whitehall Street Walker Street Ralph David Abernathy Boulevard ke Lane Whitehall Street-Murphy Avenue Peachtree Street Sylvan Road Sylvan Road ulti-Use Path Lee Street Sylvan Road Ralph David Abernathy Boulevard Boulevard ke Lane/Shared Lane 17th Street West Peachtree Street Peachtree Circle arking Courtland Street Ponce de Leon Avenue Ralph McGill Boulevard	A14b, A16b, A19b, A21b nared Lane Marking Peachtree Street Interstate 85 Linden Avenue A5, A6a, A7a, A8a, A13a, A14a, A16a, A19a, A21a ycle Track West Peachtree Street Peachtree Street Porter Place A12, A15, A17, A18, A20, A22, A24, A26, A27 nared Lane Markings Peachtree Street Porter Place John Portman Boulevard A28, A48 ycle Track Centennial Olympic Park Drive Marletta Street Nelson Street A43, A44, A45, A46 ycle Track Gilmer Street-Courtland Street Peachtree Center Avenue Memorial Drive A29, A30 ycle Track Gilmer Street-Whitehall Walker Street Fraser Avenue A32 utlti-Use Path Peters Street Mitchell Street Memorial Drive A31 ke Lane Whitehall Street-Murphy Avenue Methoell Street Methoell Street Sylvan Road A33, A36, A39, A40, A42 ulti-Use Path Lee Street Sylvan Road Ralph David Abernathy Boulevard A38, A41 ke Lane Whitehall Street-Murphy Avenue Sylvan Road Ralph David Abernathy Boulevard A38, A41 ke Lane/Shared Lane 17th Street West Peachtree Street Peachtree Circle A9,A10,A11 ke Lane/Shared Lane 17th Street Vest Peachtree Street Peachtree Circle

1. 1000 series: Facilities to be built in 2013

2, 2000 series: Facilities to be built in 2014

3. 3000 series: Facilities to be built in 2015

4. 4000 series: Unfunded high-priority projects we hope to fund by 2016

5. 5000 series: Facilities developed as part of the Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study; 5000 - 5019 is for Corridor A projects, 5020 - 5039 is for Corridor B projects, 5040-5059 is for Corridor C projects, 5060 - 5079 is for Corridor D projects, and 5080 - 5099 is for Corridor E projects

6. Cost estimates include an estimate of probable cost for construction, design cost (25% of construction cost), and contingency cost (20% of construction costs). Construction costs can include re-striping costs, signal improvements, new pavement markings, and multi-use path construction. Construction costs do not include resurfacing costs. Cost estimates for 1000 to 4000 series projects are not provided because they have already been funded, are in the process of being constructed.

Atlanta Beltline Corridor

Multi-Use Path

Multi-Use Path

Alternative Facility Options

-

Protected Cycle Track

Raised Cycle Track

-

-

Corridor A Design Schematics

The cross sections, plan concepts, and accompanying notes provide a description for the design of the proposed facilities along the corridor. A typical cross section has been developed for every segment of the corridor where a facility is proposed as part of the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* and where projects have been programmed but the facility design has not been finalized. Cross sections were not developed for corridor segments that already have a facility, where the facility has already been programmed for construction or where the facility has already been designed through another project or planning effort.

The typical cross sections and plan concepts form the basis for the cost estimates presented on the previous page. Each project consists of one or more cross section or plan concept segments. The design schematics were used to provide details about facility design for projects, particularly where cross sections change along the corridor or intersection design is more complex.

The legend below provides a summary of the different symbols and line types used to describe existing conditions or proposed features along the corridor.

Design Schematics Legend



Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study



5.0 Minutes

0.75 Miles



MONTCLAIR DRI **Cross Section** Existing Proposed Notes Cross Street From To th Section Travel Travel ID 28TH STREET Lanes Lanes A3 Peachtree Collier Road Peachtree 6 5 4 travel lanes; center turn lane BIKE LANES Road Road Bridge WOODCREST AVENUE 00 PALISADES ROAD 43,140 AADT (Google Earth, 2007) ARDMORE PLACE 10' 10' 10' 10' 10' 5' 151 60' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH A4 Peachtree Peachtree Peachtree 6 5 4 travel lanes; center turn lane BUFFERED BIKE LANES A3 Road Bridge Road Bridge Road 🛔 26TH STREET HUNTINGTON ROAD 39,910 AADT (GDOT, 2011) 7' 5' 12' 12' 12' 12' 12' 5' 7' 84' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH 25TH ST PEACHTREEROAD A5 BUFFERED BIKE LANES Peachtree Peachtree Northbound 6 5 4 travel lanes; center turn lane PEACHTREE ROAD BRIDGE Road Bridge Street ramp to Spring-Buford STANDISH Connector ALDEN AVENUE NORTHBOUND RAMP TO SPRING-BUFORD CONNECTOR 7' 3' 10' 10' 10' 10' 10' 3' 7' AVENUE -24 70' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH A4 LORING DAVE A5 PEACHTREE STREET WINNING THE 75 00 2.5 5.0 Minutes 0 0.75 Miles 0.375 25

A supplement to the Connect Atlanta Plan

Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study



The second secon Cross **Cross Section** Street Existing Proposed Notes From To Section Travel Travel ID Lanes Lanes A8A Peachtree Peachtree 5 travel lanes; turn lane SHARED LANE MARKINGS West 6 6 Y. Street Circle Peachtree **A8** Street 10' 10' 10' 10' 10' 10' 10' 60' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH 17TH STREET ASB BUFFERED BIKE LANE Peachtree Peachtree West 6 4 3 travel lanes; turn lane Circle Peachtree Street Remove existing median INMAN CIRCLE Street A9 WESTMINSTER RIVE 7' 3' 10' 10' 10' 10' 3' 7' STREET 60' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH A9 17th Street 2 travel lanes **BIKE LANES** West Peachtree 3 2 Peachtree Street 25,720 AADT As required in agreement between Street LAFAVETTE DRIVE (GDOT, 2011) the City of Atlanta and Ansley Park Civic Association, 17th Street between Peachtree Street and West Peachtree Street should be re-striped to two ARTS CENTER travel lanes. Doing so creates roadway YONAH DRIVE 19,770 AADT (GDOT, 2011) space for bike lanes. 5 11' 11' 5' 32' ROADWAY WIDTH Project should be coordinated with the **6** Ansley Park Civic Associations. 15TH STREET As properties develop along either side 3 of this cross section, there may be an opportunity to increase the width of the roadway from curb to curb. The WEST PEACI increased width could expand travel PLACE lane and bike facility configuration options. 4TH **Additional Notes** 14TH STREET The segment from the end of the bike lanes on Peachtree Circle to Peachtree Street should have shared lane markings added. These can be added as a spot 1 Sector Sector treatment or applied when Peachtree Circle is re-striped. REE STRE 2 The segment from the end of the bike lanes on Peachtree Circle to Peachtree Street should have shared lane markings added. These can be added as a spot AVENUE treatment or applied when Peachtree Circle is re-striped. Additionally if the dedicated left turn lane is for vehicles making left from Peachtree Circle to southbound 13TH STREET Peachtree Street, space can be created for bike lanes on Peachtree Circle to extend all the way to Peachtree Street. 3 15th Street could be a connection to the MARTA station from West Peachtree Street or Peachtree Street, If designated as a bicycle connection street, shared lane CRESCENT markings or wayfinding signage should be used to help cyclists navigate to the primary bicycle station entrance from Arts Center Way. A southbound bicycle connection is needed from 17th Street to Arts Center Way to improve bicycle access to the Arts Center MARTA station. The sidewalk along the east side of West Peachtree Street from 17th Street to Arts Center Way could be re-purposed as a raised cycle track or multi-use path to create this bicycle connection. 00 5.0 Minutes 2.5 0.75 Miles 0 0.375 27

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Cross Section Existing Cross Street From To Proposed Notes Section Travel Travel ID Lanes Lanes A13A Peachtree West Alliance 0 SHARED LANE MARKINGS 4 4 Street Peachtree Theatre Street A13 INMAN CIRCLE 10 10 10 10 40' ROADWAY WIDTH A13B BIKE LANES Peachtree West Alliance 4 3 2 travel lanes; center turn lane Street Peachtree Theatre SPRING STREET Street WESTMINSTEP LAFAVETTE DRIVE 5' 10' 10' 10' 5' 40' ROADWAY WIDTH ARTS CENTER YONAH DRIVE A14A Peachtree Alliance 14th Street 5 4 travel lanes; center turn lane SHARED LANE MARKINGS 5 ALLIANCE Theatre Street THEATRE Ä 15TH STREET WEST PEACHTREE A14 10' 10' 12' 10' 10' 52' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH A14B Alliance Peachtree 14th Street 5 3 2 travel lanes; center turn lane **BUFFERED BIKE LANES** 1 25,000 AADT 14TH STREET Street Theatre (Google Earth, 2007) Preserve medians ÷. STREET Ý CRESCENT AVENUE 13TH STREET 10 12' 10' Since a second s 52' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH ______ uuuluu **Additional Notes** 1 The 14th Street and Peachtree Street intersection needs additional focus. Intersection improvements should be made to help southbound cyclists along Peachtree TREET Street make a left turn onto 14th Street. This improved left turn for cyclists will enhance bicycle connectivity between bicycle facilities on Peachtree Street, 14th Street, and Juniper Street. 00 5.0 Minutes 2.5 0.75 Miles 0 0.375 29

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CRESCED 12T Existing Cross **Cross Section** Street From To Proposed Notes Section Travel Travel 12TH STREETt. ID Lanes Lanes A17 West 12th Street 8th Street 3 travel lanes CYCLE TRACK 4 3 ------...... Peachtree SPRING STREET Street Between 8th Street and 10th Street, remove dedicated right turn lane and convert this lane to cycle track. The far right travel lane becomes a straight or right turn lane. 5 Between Peachtree Place and 10th 11' 11' 11' 3' 8' Street, convert far left lane to left turn A17 44' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH only lane. 10TH STREET A18 3 travel lanes CYCLE TRACK West 8th Street 5th Street 4 3 Peachtree 0 P At intersections, preserve curb Street -extensions with street trees, drop parking lane, and provide bike lane. AVENI STREET STREET 0 Additionally on-street parking adjacent MIDTOWN to cycle track may be dropped at P PIEDMONT , Ü 8TH STREET intersections to accommodate right JUNIPER With the second turn only lane. 5/ 8' 11' 11' 11' 8' 3' 8' 18,300 AADT Remove curb extensions with street (Google Earth, 2007) 60' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH trees between blocks to provide a SPRING STREET continues cycle track. A19a Peachtree 10th Street North 4 travel lanes SHARED LANE MARKINGS 4 4 Street Avenue 7TH STREET The second se STREET A19 10' 10' 10' 10' WEST 6Th CYPRESS 40' ROADWAY WIDTH A19b Peachtree 10th Street North 4 3 2 travel lanes; center turn lane **BIKE LANES** Street Avenue 5TH STREET AADT rth, 2007) 3RD STREET 12,870 AADT (GDOT, 2011) 120 5' 10' 10' 10' 5' 4TH S 40' ROADWAY WIDTH 20,070 AADT Google Earth, 2007) -----ALLA × * * 5.0 Minutes 00 2.5 0 0.75 Miles 0.375

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The same of Cross **Cross Section** Street From To Existing Proposed Notes Travel Section Travel ID Lanes Lanes A47 PEACHTREE STREET Courtland Ponce de Ralph McGill 4 travel lanes 3RD STREET CYCLE TRACK 5 4 Street Leon Avenue Boulevard Along western side of roadway and just south of the intersection of Renaissance Place and Courtland Street, add a sidewalk where it PONCE DE LEON AVENUE currently does not exist. The same application should be used along the western side of the roadway * and just north of the intersection of WEST PEACHTREE STREET Curier Street and Courtland Street. To 8' 5' 11-12' 11-12' 11-12' NORTH AVENUE accommodate this sidewalk addition Ô 47-50' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH with the proposed cross section, drop the buffer adjacent to the bike lane and shift the bike lane so that it is adjacent the travel lane. A23 Peachtree 4 travel lanes Linden Pine Street BIKE LANES 6 4 Street Avenue This cross section starts midblock between North Avenue and Linden LINDEN AVENUE Avenue. ¥ -EV BALTIMORI 85 A23 A47 1 5 10 10 10 10 5 PRESCOTT STREET 50' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH 75 A24 1 travel lane CYCLE TRACK West Baltimore Pine Street 2 1 BISHOP ALLEY Peachtree Place Street PINE STREET PINE STREET A24 16,080 AADT (GDOT, 2011) munumunuma. AND 12' 4' 8' CIVIC CENTER 24' ROADWAY COURTL/ A25 A25 Peachtree Ivan Allen Jr 4 travel lanes; center turn lane Pine Street 6 5 **BIKE LANES** Street Boulevard ł Across the bridge, the center turn CURRIER STREET lane is removed and a buffer is added IVAN ALLEN TR BOULEV between the outside travel lanes and 75 the bike lane. RALPH MCGILL BOULEVARD 10' | 10' | 10' | 10' | 151 10' 5' 60' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH T PEACHTREE PEACE 85 Additional Notes -----Long-term, Piedmont Avenue could be re-striped to include a buffered bike lane or cycle track. This lane re-configuration could extend from Ralph McGill Boulevard 1 to 14th Street. A dedicated bicycle facility along Piedmont Avenue would provide a northbound alternative to Juniper Street/Courtland Street and Peachtree Street. 00 5.0 Minutes 2.5 0.75 Miles 0 0.375

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Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Travel Lanes	Proposed Travel Lanes	Notes	
A26	SHARED LANE MARKINGS	West Peachtree Street	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard	Porter Place	4	3	3 travel lanes Add directional shared lane markings for inside southbound travel lane for wayfinding purposes. The intent with these shared lane markings is to help cyclists make the connection between Porter Place, West Peachtree Street, and Ivan Allen Jr. Boulevard. Add additional wayfinding signs at West Peachtree Street and Ivan Allen Jr. Boulevard to help cyclists understand route ontions.	85 RUNTH AVENUE LINDEN AVENUE PRESCOTT STREET
A27	CYCLE TRACK	West Peachtree Street	Pine Street	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard	5	4	2 travel lanes; 2 bus only lanes Drop bus only lane and add handicap parking in front of federal building along West Peachtree Street; Parking relocated from Ivan Allen Jr. Boulevard.	PINE STREET
A48	SHARED LANE MARKINGS	Peachtree Street	Porter Place	West Peachtree Street	4	3	4 travel lanes	A27 VAN ALLEN JR BCI EVARD See Intersection concepts on Page 35 WEST PEACHTREE PEACE A48
A28	SHARED LANE MARKINGS	Peachtree Street	West Peachtree Street	John Portman Boulevard	5	3	3 travel lanes On-street parking is along western edge of roadway. There will be one southbound travel lane and two northbound travel lanes.	HINDEMANDUME INTERNATIONAL POLICIAS
34					5.0 / 0.75 /	Minutes Wiles		2.5 0 0.375 0

Peachtree-Ralph McGill-Peachtree Center-Courtland Intersection Concepts

Overview



N





Green pavement markings can be applied where vehicular lanes and bikeway facilities intersect to raise awareness of bicyclist movements. In this image, green pavement markings are applied where vehicular traffic may enter a dedicated right turn only lane while the bike lane continues along the street. This application is similar to the treatment for the eastbound cycle track along Ralph McGill Boulevard as it approaches the intersection at Courdiard Street.





This image is not to scale and is presented for illustrative purposes only.



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Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Travel Lanes	Proposed Travel Lanes	Notes
A31	BIKE LANES	Peachtree Street	Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard	Memorial Drive	4	3	2 travel lanes; center turn lane
A32	BUFFERED BIKE LANE Image: Strate S	Memorial Drive	Peachtree Street	Fraser Street	5	3	2 travel lanes; center turn lane

5.0 Minutes

0.75 Miles



STONEWALL **SRINIT Cross Section** Existing Proposed Notes Cross Street From To STREET Section Travel Travel ID Lanes Lanes A33 Whitehall Peachtree Interstate 20 2 2 travel lanes **BUFFERED BIKE LANES** 4 Street Street S AND DESCRIPTION OF STREET BROTHERTED ENT BOULEVARD 6 2 11 11 2 6 B 38' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH A34 4 travel lanes MULTI-USE PATH Peters Street Walker Street Chapel Street 6 4 ------The buffer between the multi-use path and the roadway should be preserved TREVITOLA STREET LEWES and expanded where right-of-way 40 allows. The buffer increases separation between path users and vehicles and HALL STR MILLS AVENUE increases path user comfort. n 10' 10' 10' 10' 3' 12' MCDANIEL 40' ROADWAY WIDTH **Additional Notes** 20 REF 1 The intersection of Walker Street and Peters Street requires future study. The alignment and transition between the two-way cycle track along Walker Street and the multi-use path along Peters Street needs additional consideration. 7,740 AADT (GDOT, 2011) EUGENIA STREET 100 20 -----WHITEHALL WINDSOR STREET RICHARDSON STRE TERRACE REET CRUMLEY STREET EOT



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West End MARTA Station Intersection Concepts

Overview



West End MARTA Station Intersection Concepts

Part 1: Ralph David Abernathy Blvd. from Lee St. to Whitehall St.







Corridor B. Knight Park – Midtown – Virginia-Highland W Marietta St. – 10th St.



Overview

Corridor B is the shortest of the five corridors at 3.6 miles and one of three Cycle Atlanta corridors that cross the city exclusively from west to east. The corridor connects to two other Cycle Atlanta corridors – Corridor E and Corridor A. From the west, it starts along West Marietta Street and the northwest segment of the BeltLine, connects to Georgia Tech and Midtown, and then finishes on the eastern end of the corridor by connecting to Piedmont Park and the Eastside Trail.

Network Design

From the Atlanta BeltLine and the western end of the corridor, West Marietta Street is the only route option along the corridor that is proposed for implementation. This side of Corridor B is limited by industrial land uses and the limited number of options to cross over the active rail lines.

At Howell Mill Road, bicyclists will have two and sometimes three options to continue east along the corridor. Around Georgia Tech, cyclists will have the option of traveling along a bike lane or multi-use path along 10th Street. Bicyclists will also have the option to travel along 8th Street and Ferst Drive.

At the interstate, cyclists will be able to travel over the 10th Street bridge using a raised cycle track or over the 5th Street bridge using the existing bike lanes. Once over the interstate on 5th Street, bicyclists can continue east in the existing bike lanes to proposed protected bike facilities along West Peachtree Street, Juniper Street, and Piedmont Avenue, as well as the bike facilities along Peachtree Street.

East of the 10th Street bridge into Midtown, cyclists will have the option of continuing along 10th Street or use a protected two-way cycle track along Williams Street to 12th Street or 8th Street bike boulevards. 12th Street and 8th Street are designed as bike boulevards to offer a "low stress," low traffic volume alternative to 10th Street. Both routes include shared lane markings along the two-way sections of the bike boulevards and contra-flow bicycle lanes along the one-way stretches of the routes.

In terms of destinations, the 12th Street bike boulevard connects to Piedmont Park and its popular off-street paths. Likewise, the 8th Street bike boulevard connects to Piedmont Park and the two-way cycle track along 10th street. People can use this cycle track to connect to the BeltLine and the Eastside Trail. Both of these routes connect to the West Peachtree Street, Peachtree Street, Juniper Street, and Piedmont Avenue bike facilities.

Facility Design

For the western portion of the corridor and around Georgia Tech, bike lanes are the primary facility type. This is largely a result of the existing streetcurb-to-curb widths. Bike lanes along can be included without significantly impacting vehicular capacity. The facility exception in this area is the 10th Street multi-use path along 10th Street from Northside Drive to Fowler Drive.

In Midtown, a two-way cycle track over the 10th Street bridge and along Williams Street will allow people traveling east to enter Midtown using a protected facility. Once in Midtown, bicyclists comfortable riding along higher traffic volume streets can continue along 10th Street or riders that are more comfortable on lower traffic volume streets can use 12th Street and 8th Street. Both routes will have low motor vehicle volumes and speed and will be comfortable for most bicyclists.

One of the characteristics that will keep vehicle volumes low along 12th Street and 8th Street are the existing one-way streets along both routes. For the one-way stretches of the routes, contra-flow bike lanes will be provided to allow for two-way bike travel and one-way vehicle travel. Having the oneway streets for vehicles discourages through traffic along these streets and keeps traffic volumes low.

On the eastern edge of the corridor, a two-way cycle track will connect people traveling along the corridor to Piedmont Park, the Eastside Trail, and Virginia-Highland.



Corridor Length

3.6 miles 24 minutes by bike

Major Destinations

Atlanta BeltLine King Plow Arts Center Westslde/Marietta Commercial District Georgia Institute of Technology Midtown Mile Piedmont Park Grady High School

MARTA Stations

Midtown

Neighborhoods

Knight Park/Howell Station English Avenue Home Park Georgia Tech Midtown Virginia-Highland

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Relevant Plans

Atlanta BeltLine Subarea 9 Master Plan Atlanta BeltLine Subarea 8 Master Plan Atlanta BeltLine Subarea 6 Master Plan Upper Westside LCI

Corridor B Network Design Map



Corridor B Projects

The projects listed in the table below are the projects currently programmed for construction along the corridor as well as new projects proposed as part of the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study.* Facility type, the street that the project applies to, a description of the start and end points for the projects, and a summary cost estimate are provided. Additional project cost information is provided in the Appendix for each project.

ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Cross Section(s)	Cost
1013	Raised Cycle Track	10th Street	Williams Street	Fowler Street		n/a
5020	Bike Lane-Buffered Bike Lane	West Marietta Street	Marietta Boulevard	Marietta Street	81, 82, 83	\$238,234
5021	Bike Boulevard	8th Street	Brady Avenue	Northside Drive	B4	\$1,925
5022	Bike Boulevard	8th Street	Northside Drive	Hemphill	B5	\$137,754
5023	Multi-Use Path	10th Street	Howell Mill Road	Northside Drive	B23	\$350,900
5024	Multi-Use Path	10th Street	Northside Drive	Fowler Street	87	\$674,685
5025	Bike Lane	Ferst Drive	Hemphill Avenue	Atlantic Drive	B6, B8	\$13,503
5026	Cycle Track	Williams Street	12th Street	8th Street	89	\$135,642
5027	Bike Boulevard	12th Street	Williams Street	Piedmont Avenue	B10, B11, B12, B13, B14, B15	\$29,428
5028	Bike Boulevard	8th Street	Williams Street	10th Street	B16, B17, B18, B19, B20, B21, B22	\$22,770
5029	Bike Lane	14th Street	Howell Mill Road	Hemphill Avenue	B24	\$45,586
5030	Cycle Track	Kanuga Street	Virginia Avenue	Monroe Drive	825	\$15,325
Notos						

1. 1000 series: Facilities to be built in 2013

2. 2000 series: Facilities to be built in 2014

3. 3000 series: Facilities to be built in 2015

4. 4000 series: Unfunded high-priority projects we hope to fund by 2016

5. 5000 series: Facilities developed as part of the Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study; 5000 - 5019 is for Corridor A projects, 5020 - 5039 is for Corridor B projects, 5040-5059 is for Corridor C projects, 5060 - 5079 is for Corridor D projects, and 5080 - 5099 is for Corridor E projects

6. Cost estimates include an estimate of probable cost for construction, design cost (25% of construction cost), and contingency cost (20% of construction costs). Construction costs can include re-striping costs, signal improvements, new pavement markings, and multi-use path construction. Construction costs do not include resurfacing costs. Cost estimates for 1000 to 4000 series projects are not provided because they have already been funded, are in the process of being designed, or are in the process of being constructed.

Corridor B Design Schematics

The cross sections, plan concepts, and accompanying notes provide a description for the design of the proposed facilities along the corridor. A typical cross section has been developed for every segment of the corridor where a facility is proposed as part of the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* and where projects have been programmed but the facility design has not been finalized. Cross sections were not developed for corridor segments that already have a facility, where the facility has already been programmed for construction, or where the facility has already been designed through another project or planning effort.

The typical cross sections and plan concepts form the basis for the cost estimates presented on the previous page. Each project consists of one or more cross sections or plan concept segments. The design schematics were used to provide details about facility design for projects, particularly where cross sections change along the corridor or intersection design is more complex.

The legend below provides a summary of the different symbols and line types used to describe existing conditions or proposed features along the corridor.

Design Schematics Legend



Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Travel Lanes	Proposed Travel Lanes	Notes
В1	SIKE LANES	West Marietta Street	Marietta Boulevard	Perry Boulevard	4	3	2 travel lanes; center turn lane Truck traffic is significant along this segment and it is a designated truck route. Travel lanes should be a minimum of 11' and 12' where poss The minimum bike lane width is 4'.

5.0 Minutes

0.75 Miles



P Cross **Cross Section** Existing Proposed Notes Street From To PLACE Section Travel Travel ID Lanes Lanes B2 2 travel lanes; center turn lane BUFFERED BIKE LANES West Perry Brady 4 3 Marietta Boulevard Avenue Street EARNEST STREET 6 2 11' 10' 11' 2 6 48-50' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH EDSON RIVE JSTER STRE HOWELL MILL ROAD BIKE LANE / SHARED LANE MARKINGS B3 West Brady Marletta 2 2 2 travel lanes and the second Mariettta Avenue Street 0 Street = IIII 0 h Martin Harris 8 6 10 10 8 42' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH B4 SHARED LANE 8th Street Brady Howell Mill 2 2 2 travel lanes Road Avenue 0 NO CENTERLINE ٥. 27' ROADWAY DGEHILL AVENUE Additional Notes The intersection of West Marietta Street, Brady Avenue, and 8th Street requires future study. The alignment and transition between the intersecting bikeways needs 1 additional consideration to help cyclists navigate the intersection comfortably and safely. INP B4 **B2** 15,500 AADT PERMINEORRARD (GDOT, 2011) **B**3 MARIETTA STREET 00 5.0 Minutes 2.5 0.75 Miles 0 0.375

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Northside at 8th and Tech Parkway Intersection Concepts Overview

Concept Summary

The goal with this concept is to provide a safe and convenient bicycle connection from the Marletta corridor to Georgia Tech and Tech Parkway. Currently, the Northside Drive and Tech Parkway intersection serves as a significant barrier between the area west of Georgia Tech and Georgia Tech. With these intersection improvements, bicyclists will be able to cross Northside Drive more easily and with a greater level of safety.

The intersection at 8th Street and Northside drive includes a new segment of 8th Street from Northside Drive to Curran Street on campus. This new street or path segment will be for bicyclists and pedestrians only and allow bicyclists to connect to the Hemphill Avenue and Ferst Drive bike lanes that continue east to Midtown. To help bicyclists and pedestrians cross at 8th Street and Northside Drive, the intersection will be signalized and a median refuge island will be installed. Lastly, the travel lanes for Northside Drive and Tech Parkway are re-aligned to accommodate the new intersection design and the conversion of Tech Parkway to a two-way street (one northbound lane and one southbound lane).

At the intersection of Tech Parkway, Northside Drive, and Hampton Drive, a bicycle and pedestrian crossing is proposed. This new crossing will allow pedestrians and bicyclists to more easily cross from the northern end of the Tech Parkway greenway and the Marietta Street corridor. To help with crossing Northside Drive, a special bicycle and pedestrian signal will be installed to alert motor vehicles to stop as they cross. Once across Northside Drive, bicyclists will be able to use Hampton Street or 3rd Street to connect to Marietta Street and Howell Mill Road.





Northside at 8th and Tech Parkway Intersection Concepts

Part 1: Northside Drive and 8th Street



R



The Intent for the Intersection of Hampton Street/Tech Parkway and Northside Drive is similar to this photo - to provide a signalized street crossing for cyclists and pedestrians to cross safely.





This image is not to scale and is presented for illustrative purposes only.

Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Vehicular Lanes	Proposed Vehicular Lanes	Notes	Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Travel Lanes	Proposed Travel Lanes	Notes
B6	BIKE LANES	Ferst Drive	Hemphill Avenue	Dalney Street	2	2	2 travel lanes	88	BIKE LANES	Ferst Drive	State Street	Atlantic Drive	2	2	2 travel lanes
В7	MULTI-USE PATH	10th Street	Northside Drive	Fowler Street	4	4	4 travel lanes The buffer between the multi-use path and the roadway should be preserved and expanded where right-of-way allows. The buffer increases separation between path users and vehicles and increases path user comfort.								





Williams Street at 8th and 10th Street Intersection Concepts

Overview



21)

Williams Street at 8th and 10th Street Intersection Concepts Part 1: Williams Street at 8th Street 100.0 (LEGEL) 1 This waiting area and stop bar for bicyclists allows 1 1 them to continue when it Is safe. Colored pavement crossing markings highlight conflict area. \rightarrow ////// 17 < < < ミン WILLIAMS ST The Williams Street two-way Colored pavement crossing markings highlight conflict area. ONLY cycle track extends from 8th Street to 12th Street. 0 ONLY **3** Peachtree Place is planned to be converted from one-way to This bicycle right turn lane two-way. keeps bicyclists out of the way of turning vehicular traffic. PEACHTREE PL 8TH ST The 8th Street Bicycle Boulevard extends from Williams 《杨 Street to the intersection of Myrtle Street and 10th Street.

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21)

This image is not to scale and is presented for illustrative purposes only.

Williams Street at 8th and 10th Street Intersection Concepts

Part 2: Williams Street at 10th Street



The raised cycle track approach to 10th Street along Williams will function similarly to the one above. It is designed to provide vertical separation from motor vehicles. It also provides space for pedestrians and bicyclists to wait before crossing Williams Street to the 10th Street bridge.



This image is not to scale and is presented for illustrative purposes only.

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Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Travel Lanes	Proposed Travel Lanes	Notes
825	2-WAY CYCLE TRACK	Kanuga Street	Virginia Avenue	Monroe Drive	2	2	2 travel lanes On-street parking is removed to create space for bike lanes. A new traffic signal at Virginia Avenue and Kanuga Street may be needed to help cyclist and vehicles make a left turn from Kanuga Street on to
a. 1. 1747 1	fair and						Virginia Avenue.



Additional Notes

A two-way cycle track along 10th Street will be constructed along 10th Street from Piedmont Road to Monroe Drive. The project will be constructed in two phases. The first phase will extend from Monroe Drive to Charles Allen Drive. The second phase will extend from Charles Allen Drive to Piedmont Avenue.

The two-way cycle track along 10th Street will provide a direct, on-street bikeway connection from the Eastside Trail to Pledmont Park and Midtown. When completed, it will function similarly to the two-way cycle track above with a buffer and bollards separating cyclists from motor vehicles.



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Corridor C. Grove Park – Downtown – Poncey-Highland JE Boone Blvd. – I Allen Jr. Blvd. – R McGill Blvd.



Overview

Corridor C is the most residential of the five corridors. With the exception of the stretch of the route through Downtown, the majority of the corridor traverses residential neighborhoods to the west and east of Downtown. The corridor connects to two other corridors including Corridor A and Corridor E.

Network Design

From the west, bike lanes along Joseph Boone Boulevard will connect the Bankhead, Hunter Hills, Washington Park, English Avenue, and Vine City neighborhoods to Downtown. This route also connects to the bike boulevard along James P. Brawley Drive.

This route is also notable for its potential for future connections to the Atlanta BeltLine trail and transit. Currently, the Atlanta BeltLine alignment includes active rail lines and significant grade changes between Boone Boulevard and the Atlanta BeltLine. MARTA also crosses under Boone Boulevard as it travels to the Bankhead and Ashby MARTA stations. However, a new MARTA station is proposed at the intersection of Boone Boulevard and the Atlanta BeltLine. When the station is built along with the BeltLine trail, the bike lanes will connect people to the Atlanta BeltLine trail and the MARTA station.

From Northside Drive, cyclists will be able to use the bike lanes along Ivan Allen Jr. Boulevard to cross over the railroad tracks and connect to bike lanes along Marietta Street, a two-way cycle track along Luckie Street and the future Street Car route along Luckie Street.

Continuing east, bike lanes along Ivan Allen Jr. Drive pass the Georgia Aquarium and the site of the Civil Rights Museum as the route extends into Downtown. Within Downtown, bicyclists will be able to connect to the cycle track along West Peachtree Street, use the contra-flow bike lane along Porter Place to connect to the two-way cycle track along Peachtree Center Avenue, bike lanes along Peachtree Street, or cycle tracks along Courtland Street and Piedmont Avenue.

East of Piedmont Avenue, bicyclists will be able to use a bike lane to ride to the Civic Center, Georgia Power Headquarters, Atlanta Medical Center, the Old Fourth Ward neighborhood, the Atlanta BeltLine Eastside Trail, and the Freedom Parkway Trail.

Facility Design

With the exception of a buffered bike lane along a one-block stretch of Ralph McGill Boulevard, this corridor is proposed to be served exclusively with bike lanes. Limited street width along the corridor precludes more protected facility types like cycle tracks.

This corridor will be the least expensive and easiest to implement due to the relative simplicity of roadway modifications. Most of the route will require re-configuring travel lanes to provide bike lanes.

The intersections along the corridor are also relatively simple to modify to serve vehicles and cyclists, with the exception of the Ralph McGill-Peachtree-Peachtree Center Avenue-Courtland intersection. For details about this intersection, see the Corridor A chapter.



Corridor Length 4.5 miles 30 minutes by bike Major Destinations Atlanta BeltLine Georgia World Congress Center Georgia Aquarium Atlanta Civic Center Georgia Power Headquarters

Atlanta Medical Center Historic Fourth Ward Park Jimmy Carter Library and Museum Eastside Trail Freedom Parkway Trail

MARTA Stations

Civic Center

Neighborhoods

Bankhead Grove Park Hunter Hills Washington Park English Avenue Vine City Downtown Old Fourth Ward Poncey-Highland

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Council Districts 2 3	

Atlanta BeltLine Subarea 10 Master Plan Atlanta BeltLine Subarea 5 Master Plan Vine City/Washington Park LCI Georgia World Congress Center Master Plan Old Fourth Ward Master Plan Imagine Downtown: ENCORE LCI

Corridor C Network Design Map



Corridor C Projects

The projects listed in the table below are the projects currently programmed for construction along the corridor, as well as new projects proposed as part of the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study.* Facility type, the street that the project applies to, a description of the start and end points for the projects, and a summary cost estimate are provided. Additional project cost information is provided in the Appendix for each project.

ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From Cross Section		Cost
2016	Bike Lane	Joseph E Boone Boulevard	Holly Street	Northside Drive		n/a
5040	Bike Lane	Joseph E Boone Boulevard	Chappell Road	Northside Drive	C1, C11, C12	\$216,799
5041	Bike Lane	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Williams Street	C3	\$16,832
5042	Contra-Flow Lane	Porter Place	West Peachtree Street	Peachtree Street	C14	\$4,278
5043	Bike Lane-Bufferd Bike Lane	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard- Ralph McGill Boulevard	West Peachtree Street	Courtland Street	C13	\$40,554
5044	Bike Lane	Ralph McGill Boulevard	Courtland Street	Freedom Parkway	C5, C6, C7, C8, C9, C10	\$604,419
Notes						

1.1000 series: Facilities to be built in 2013

2. 2000 series: Facilities to be built in 2014

3. 3000 series: Facilities to be built in 2015

4. 4000 series: Unfunded high-priority projects we hope to fund by 2016

5. 5000 series: Facilities developed as part of the Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study; 5000 - 5019 is for Corridor A projects, 5020 - 5039 is for Corridor B projects, 5040 - 5059 is for Corridor C projects, 5060 - 5079 is for Corridor D projects, and 5080 - 5099 is for Corridor E projects

6. Cost estimates include an estimate of probable cost for construction, design cost (25% of construction cost), and contingency cost (20% of construction costs). Construction costs can include re-striping costs, signal improvements, new pavement markings, and multi-use path construction. Construction costs do not include resurfacing costs. Cost estimates for 1000 to 4000 series projects are not provided because they have already been funded, are in the process of being constructed.

Corridor C Design Schematics

The cross sections, plan concepts, and accompanying notes provide a description for the design of the proposed facilities along the corridor. A typical cross section has been developed for every segment of the corridor where a facility is proposed as part of the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* and where projects have been programmed but the facility design has not been finalized. Cross sections were not developed for corridor segments that already have a facility, where the facility has already been programmed for construction, or where the facility has already been designed through another project or planning effort.

The typical cross sections and plan concepts form the basis for the cost estimates presented on the previous page. Each project consists of one or more cross section or plan concept segments. The design schematics were used to provide details about facility design for projects, particularly where cross sections change along the corridor or intersection design is more complex.

The legend below provides a summary of the different symbols and line types used to describe existing conditions or proposed features along the corridor.

Design Schematics Legend



Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Vehicular Lanes	Proposed Vehicular Lanes	Notes	Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Vehicular Lanes	Proposed Vehicular Lanes	Notes
CI	BIKE LANES	Joseph E. Boone Boulevard	Chappeli Road	Joseph E. Lowery Boulevard	3	2	2 travel lanes	C12	BIKE LANES	Joseph E. Boone Boulevard	Maple Street	Northside Drive	4	3	Cross section to be added; 2 travel lanes; center tum lane
C11	BIKE LANES	Joseph E. Boone Boulevard	Joseph E. Lowery Boulevard	James P Brawley Drive	4	3	2 travel lanes; center turn lane	Addition 1	al Notes The Department of Watershed Mar Drive to Maple Street. The new stre	agement is constructing aetscape will include sid	g a "green str ewalks, bicyc	eet" along Josep le lanes, and bio	h E. Boone Boo -swales to mai	ulevard from Ja aage stormwat	imes P. Brawley er run-off.
	40-42' ROADWAY WIDTH	NES	OR STI		2015/ 41	VARD	REET		ta la			ĺ	U	F	20





Boone Blvd. and JP Brawley Intersection Concept

Overview

Concept Summary

The intersection of James P. Brawley Drive and Joseph E. Boone Boulevard is an Important connection point in the bikeway network west of Downtown. The proposed bicycle boulevard along Brawley, when completed, will connect the Atlanta University Center (AUC) to Georgia Tech and the Marietta Street corridor. Additionally, the proposed bike lane improvements along Boone Boulevard will provide route options to the Atlanta BeltLine and Downtown.

The intersection treatments used will help bicyclists more easily navigate the intersection and alert drivers that they should anticipate additional bicycle traffic. The treatments also illustrate how the green infrastructure streetscape is being constructed along Boone Boulevard to the east of the intersection.



This image is not to scale and is presented for illustrative purposes only.

Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Vehicular Lanes	Proposed Vehicular Lanes	Notes	Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Vehicular Lanes	Proposed Vehicular Lanes	Notes
C3	DOWNHILL SHARED LANE MARKINGS / UPHILL BIKE LANE	Ivan Allen Jr. Boulevard	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Williams Street	4	4	4 travel lanes	C6	SHARED LANE MARKINGS / CONTRA FLOW BIKE LANE	Porter Place	West Peachtree Street	Peachtree Street	1	1	1 travel lane
	🗏 🗐 📑 🗐 🏌														
17	10-11' 10-11' 10-11' 10-11' 5-6' 46-51' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH								1 66						
C13		Ivan Allen Jr. Boulevard	West Peachtree Street	Peachtree Street	4	3	2 travel lanes; center turn lane		5' 12' 17' ROAD						
								<u>~</u>	6 3						
нос	N STREET	IN JR. BOULE	VARD See	Intersection page 77.	concepts	MICATEE SI REEL	APIC	(3)	Server	CIVIC CENTER Intersection concepts or	CONTIAND STREET	CURRIER	STREET		KNGIER OCH
			MARIET	STREET		u BA	ABARK DRIVE	WIER WIRE	PEACHTREE PEACE			85	R	ALPH MCGIL	L BOULEVARD
					5.0	Minutes 75 Miles				0.375					<u> </u>

Ivan Allen Jr. Blvd at Marietta St. and Luckie St. Intersection Concepts



This image is not to scale and is presented for illustrative purposes only.

N

Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Vehicular Lanes	Proposed Vehicular Lanes	Notes	Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Vehicular Lanes	Proposed Vehicular Lanes	Notes
C4	CYCLE TRACKS	Ralph McGill Boulevard	Peachtree Street	Courtland Street	4	3	3 travel lanes Two travel lanes are eastbound and one travel lane Is westbound. See Peachtree Ralph McGill-Peachtree Center-Courtland Intersection Concepts in Corridor A chapter for more details.	C6	BIRE LANES	Ralph McGill Boulevard	Piedmont Avenue	Central Park Place	4	3	2 travel lanes; center turn lane Parking lane is 10' to accommodate GRTA bus layover parking.
CS	7-9' 5-6' 10-12' 10-11' 10-12' 5-6' 47-55' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH	Ralph McGill Boulevard	Courtland Street	Piedmont Avenue	4	3	2 travel lanes; center turn lane	2							
VENABLE	MILLS STREET	WEST PEAC	HTREE PEAC	See In	CIVIC ersection cc	CENTED oncepts on pa	contraction of the second seco	STREET	ALPH MCGILL BOULEVARD	≤CGILL PUPUL	4,000 AAD (GDOT, 201	- Jung	PARKWAY DRIVE	LATTA STREET	IZIE DRIVE
					5.	0 Minutes 75 Miles				2.5 0.375					0



0.375

0.75 Miles

0

Ralph McGill Boulevard at Freedom Parkway Intersection Concept Overview



R

Corridor D. Mozley Park – Downtown – Grant Park ML King Jr. Dr. – Woodward Ave.

Overview

Corridor D is the second shortest Cycle Atlanta corridor and one of three corridors that runs exclusively from west to east. It also connects two Cycle Atlanta corridors including Corridor A and Corridor E. Like Corridor C, Corridor D is largely residential east and west of Downtown. In Downtown, the corridor connects to the Georgia Dome MARTA station, City Hall, and the State Capitol, as well as bike route options to Midtown or the business and tourist destinations.

Network Design

Along the western portion of the corridor, bicyclists will have parallel route options. The Westside Trail will provide users with a protected bike facility along Lee Street and shared lane markings and bike lanes will be installed along Martin Luther King Jr. Drive and Mitchell Street. Both routes connect to the James P. Brawley bike boulevard that connects the Atlanta University Center to Vine City, English Avenue, and ultimately the Marietta Street corridor.

Once in Downtown, people will be able to use the Westide Trail to connect to the Georgia Dome, Marietta Street, and the Centennial Olympic Park area. Bicyclists will also be able to connect to the civic and commercial destinations along the Mitchell Street bike lanes that extend from Castleberry Hills to City Hall and the Georgia State Capitol.

From the Georgia State Capitol, bicyclists will be able to take a multi-use path between Capital Avenue and Memorial Drive to connect to the Woodward Avenue bike boulevard. Currently, this bike boulevard will extend from Memorial Drive to Chastain Street. This corridor will lengthen when the industrial properties between Chastain Street and Bill Kennedy Way/BeltLine redevelop; BeltLine plans include a recommendation to extend Woodward Avenue to Bill Kennedy Way/BeltLine. This new street will provide a direct connection to the BeltLine.

Facility Design

The low-stress facilities along this corridor include the Westside Trail and the short multi-use path segment from the Georgia State Capitol to the Woodward Avenue bike boulevard. Both multi-use paths are planned to run adjacent to the streets they parallel and will not require the removal of a travel lane to implement.

For the stretch of the corridor along Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard from the BeltLine to Brawley, the available street width prevents dedicated bicycle space on the street. To balance vehicular capacity and bicycle mobility, shared lane markings will be used along this section of the corridor.

From James P. Brawley along Martin Luther King Jr. Boulevard/Mitchell Street to Capital Avenue, cyclists will be able to use bike lane. Along this route, traffic volumes and street widths are compatible with installing a bike lane to be installed.

On the eastern side of the corridor, the Woodward Avenue bike boulevard will provide a low-stress alternative to riding along Memorial Drive. Several design strategies will be used at intersections to manage vehicular volumes and speeds while minimizing interruptions in bicyclist travel along the route. These treatments reduce the travel time along the bike boulevard and thereby increase the convenience of using the route for bicyclists.



Corridor Length

4.3 miles 28 minutes by bike

Major Destinations

Atlanta BeltLine
Vashington Park
Booker T. Washington High School
Atlanta University Center
Georgia Dome - Georgia World Congress Center-Phillips Arena-
CNN Center
JS District Court Clerk
ulton County Government Center
City of Atlanta City Hall
Seorgia State Capital
Capital Gateway
Dakland Cemetery

MARTA Stations

Ashby Vine City Georgia Dome

Neighborhoods

Hunter Hills Mozley Park Washington Park Just Us Ashview Heights Vine City Atlanta University Center Castleberry Hills Downtown Capital Gateway Grant Park

NPU K L T M V W Council Districts 1 2 3 4 5 Relevant Plans

Relevant Plans

Atlanta BeltLine Subarea 10 Master Plan Atlanta BeltLine Subarea 4 Master Plan Vine City/Washington Park LCI Georgia World Congress Center Master Plan Imagine Downtown: ENCORE LCI Memorial Drive LCI

Corridor D Network Design Map



Corridor D Projects

The projects listed in the table below are the projects currently programmed for construction along the corridor as well as new projects proposed as part of the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study.* Facility type, the street that the project applies to, a description of the start and end points for the projects, and a summary cost estimate are provided. Additional project cost information is provided in the Appendix for each project.

ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Cross Section(s)	Cost
2019	Bike Lane	Martin Luther King Jr. Drive-Mitchell Street	James P Brawley Drive	Magnum Street		n/a
2031	Hard Surface Multi-Use Path	Lena Street	Booker Street	Magnum Street		n/a
2032	Bike Boulevard	Fraser Street-Woodward Avenue	Memorial Drive	Chastain Street		n/a
5060	Bike Lane	Mitchell Street	Spring Street	Washington Street	D4	\$72,710
5061	Multi-Use Path	Andrew Young International Boulevard	Georgia Dome Drive	Marletta Street		n/a; See design schematics for details.
5062	Multi-Use Path	Capital Avenue-Memorial Drive	Washington Street	Fraser Street		n/a; See design schematics for details.
5063	Bike Boulevard	Fraser Street-Woodward Avenue	Memorial Drive	Bill Kennedy Way	D5, D6	\$141,042
Notos		CONTRACTOR OF CONTRACTOR				

1, 1000 series: Facilities to be built in 2013

2. 2000 series: Facilities to be built in 2014

3. 3000 series: Facilities to be built in 2015

4. 4000 series: Unfunded high-priority projects we hope to fund by 2016

5. 5000 series: Facilities developed as part of the Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study; 5000 - 5019 is for Corridor A projects, 5020 - 5039 is for Corridor B projects, 5040-5059 is for Corridor C projects, 5060 - 5079 is for Corridor D projects, and 5080 - 5099 is for Corridor E projects

6. Cost estimates include an estimate of probable cost for construction, design cost (25% of construction cost), and contingency cost (20% of construction costs). Construction costs can include re-striping costs, signal improvements, new pavement markings, and multi-use path construction. Construction costs do not include resurfacing costs. Cost estimates for 1000 to 4000 series projects are not provided because they have already been funded, are in the process of being designed, or are in the process of being constructed.

Corridor D Design Schematics

The cross sections, plan concepts, and accompanying notes provide a description for the design of the proposed facilities along the corridor. A typical cross section has been developed for every segment of the corridor where a facility is proposed as part of the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* and where projects have been programmed but the facility design has not been finalized. Cross sections were not developed for corridor segments that already have a facility, where the facility has already been programmed for construction, or where the facility has already been designed through another project or planning effort.

The typical cross sections and plan concepts form the basis for the cost estimates presented on the previous page. Each project consists of one or more cross section or plan concept segments. The design schematics were used to provide details about facility design for projects, particularly where cross sections change along the corridor or intersection design is more complex.

The legend below provides a summary of the different symbols and line types used to describe existing conditions or proposed features along the corridor.

Design Schematics Legend



Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Vehicular Lanes	Proposed Vehicular Lanes	Notes
D1	PAVED SHOULDERS	Martin Luther King Jr. Drive	Chappell Road	Ollie Street	4	3	2 travel lanes; center turn lane
	11 ²						No bikeway facility Re-striping should create a paved shoulder. Long-term, the paved shoulder will be re-purposed as sidewalk in order to widen the sidewalk.

Additional Notes

1

From Chappell Road to Walnut Street, the Westside Trail will serve as the primary bikeway facility along this corridor. From Walnut Street, cyclists will be able to continue along the proposed Westside Trail to Centennial Olympic Park or use Walnut Street to connect to the proposed bike lanes along Mitchell Street.



ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Notes
2019	Bike Lane	ne Martin Luther King Jr Drive-Mitchell Street		Magnum Street	This project is funded and is in the process of being designed and constructed. Because it is already being implemented, a cross-section was not developed for this project.
2031	Hard Surface Multi-Use Path	Lena Street	Booker Street	Magnum Street	This project is funded and is in the process of being designed and constructed. Because it is already being implemented, a cross-section was not developed for this project.
5062	Multi-Use Path	Andrew Young International Boulevard	Georgia Dome Drive	Marietta Street	The connection from the Westside Trail to Centennial Olympic Park has been proposed in previous plans. However to complete this connection, several design considerations will need to be resolved including overcoming the significant grade change from Magnum Street to Marietta Street. Because of this consideration and the potential relocation of the Georgia Dome, the scope and design for this project was not developed as part of this project. As the Georgia Dome site is redeveloped, the City of Atlanta should work the Georgia World Congress Center, the PATH Foundation, and others to complete this connection.



87

Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Vehicular Lanes	Proposed Vehicular Lanes	Notes
D4	BIKE LANES	Mitchell Street	Spring Street	Washington Street	3	2	2 travel lanes To implement this cr section, Mitchell Stre must be converted from a one-way street to a two-way street. Mitchell Street conver- should also be paired with a one-way to tw way conversion of M Jr. Drive. Additionally these conversions of be coordinated with vehicle access closur Control Square

5.0 Minutes

0.75 Miles



Cross	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Vehicular	Proposed	Notes	ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Notes
ID D5	SHARED LANE MARKETINGS	Woodward Avenue	Kelly Street	Chastain Street	Lanes 2	Lanes 2	2 travel lanes	2002	Multi-Use Paul	Capitol square-wemonal Drive	wasnington street	Fraser Street	With the Conversion of Lapitol Avenue to a Washington Street and Capitol Avenue to a bicycle and pedestrian only street, there is the potential to create a multi-use path connection between the Washington Street and Mitchell Street bikeway facilities and the proposed Woodward Avenue Bicycle Boulevard. There are several alignment options including re-purposing the existing sidewalk along Capitol Avenue and Memorial Drive as a multi-use path. There is also an opportunity to run a multi-use path through the parking lot over the interstate between Mitchell Street and Fraser Street. Because of these options, this alignment requires additional consideration that is beyond the scope of this
D6	SHARED LANE MARKINGS	Woodward Avenue	Memorial Drive	Connally Street	2	2	2 travel lanes	Addition 1	onal Notes Work with the Dep conditions betwee	partment of Parks, Recreation en Connally Street and Kelly S	and Cultural Affairs to treet. This segment is	remove fencing currently fenced	project. The City of Atlanta should work with the Georgia Department of Transportation and others to develop a feasible alignment for this connection.
	MEMORIAL DRIVE	GEORGI	a state				MOORE ST	G	2,420 AADT pogle Earth, 2007)	NG MEMORIAL		MEMORIAL	AAIJO CAROLL STREET
	9,78 (Google	0 AADT Earth, 2007)	FRASER STREET		DODIVARD	AVENUE		ersection ts on page !	90. Dogan street		RTH IN THE INFORMATION INTERPORTATION IN THE INFORMATION IN THE INFORMATION INTERPORTATION IN THE INFORMATION INTERPORTATION INTERPORTATIO	D5	See intersection MCD concepts on page 91.
0)			0.37	5%					5.0 Minutes 0.75 Miles			

Woodward Ave and Hill St Intersection Concept

Overview







Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Vehicular Lanes	Proposed Vehicular Lanes	Notes
D5	NO LANE STRIPING	Woodward Avenue	Kelly Street	Chastain Street	2	2	2 travel lanes

Additional Notes

1

Currently, Woodward Avenue ends at Chastain Street. However, a new street is proposed to extend all the way to Bill Kennedy Way as part of the Atlanta BeltLine Redevelopment Plan and the Atlanta BeltLine Subarea 4 Master Plan. If the industrial properties redevelop, the bike boulevard should be extended along the new streets to Bill Kennedy Way and the Atlanta BeltLine. See Atlanta BeltLine Subarea 4 Master Plan for more details.



Corridor E. Underwood Hills – Downtown – Candler Park

Howell Mill Rd – Marietta St – Edgewood Ave – Euclid Ave

Overview

Corridor E is the second longest Cycle Atlanta corridor and the only corridor to run both north to south and east to west. The corridor connects to three other Cycle Atlanta corridors including Corridor A, Corridor B and Corridor C.

The corridor connects the industrial areas and redeveloping areas along Howell Mill Road and Marietta Street to Georgia Tech and Downtown. From the east, the corridor connects the Little Five Points area and Inman Park to Sweet Auburn district, Georgia State University, the Atlanta Street Car and Downtown.

Network Design

Bike facilities are proposed to start at Howell Mill Road and Chattahoochee Avenue, rather than the start of the study corridor at Howell Mill Road and Interstate 75. This decision was made because Howell Mill would require a significant redesign to accommodate bike facilities. With multiple intersections, curb cuts, the interstate interchange, and high vehicular volumes, the stretch of Howell Mill Road from Chattahoochee Avenue to Collier Road is not ideal in its current configuration for cycling. Even though it is a low priority bike connection currently, it could be an important bike connection from Buckhead neighborhoods across the interstate. Future planning for this portion of the corridor should consider accommodating cyclists with dedicated bike facilities.

From the intersection of Howell Mill Road and Chattahoochee Avenue south to Marietta Street, the bike lanes along Howell Mill Road will be the only route option with dedicated bike facilities. At 8th Street and Hampton Street, people will have the option of continuing along Marietta using bike lanes, connect to Corridor B routes to Georgia Tech, or to the multi-use greenway along Tech Parkway.

From the intersection of Northside Drive and Marietta Street and Tech Parkway to Centennial Olympic Park, people will have parallel route options. Along Marietta Street, people will be able to continue south using bike lanes. Along Tech Parkway and Luckie Street, people will be able to use a protected facility.

Once to Centennial Olympic Park, people will be able to use a protected cycle track to navigate around the park to connect to the Westside Trail, the Centennial Olympic Park Drive cycle track, the John Portman Boulevard cycle track, the Walton Street contra-flow bike lane or continue into downtown along Marietta Street, which has shared lane markings along this section of the corridor.

When people get to Peachtree Street along Marietta Street or Walton Street, they will be able to connect to Georgia State University, the Five Points MARTA station or continue east along the Street Car route. To navigate along the Street Car route, people will be able to use an eastbound bike route along Auburn Avenue or a westbound bike route along Edgewood Avenue. Along this route, people will also be able to connect to the two-way cycle track along Peachtree Center Avenue and Gilmer Street.

East of the streetcar route, people will be able to use bike lanes along Edgewood Avenue to connect to the BeltLine, Inman Park and the Inman Park MARTA station. They will also be able to use Euclid Avenue to connect to Little Five Points, Freedom Parkway and Chandler Park.

Facility Design

The majority of the corridor is designed with bike lanes. Along Howell Mill Road and Marietta Street, the street right-of-way and vehicular volumes allow for lane reductions to accommodate the addition of bike lanes. The contraflow bike lane along Walton Street can provide a "low stress" alternative to Marietta Street. Bike lanes along both sides of the street are also used along Edgewood Avenue to connect to Edgewood/Auburn Avenue area to Inman Park.

For the route along the Street Car route, the facilities are designed to minimize the safety issues associated with biking and streetcar tracks. Street car tracks are notoriously difficult to cross by bike. They have been known to cause bike crashes when bike wheels skip on the tracks or get stuck in the tracks. To minimize the conflict between the tracks and people biking, bike facilities are installed on the opposite side of the street to the streetcar route. This design strategy means that bike facilities going eastbound will only be available along Auburn Avenue and westbound along Edgewood Avenue.

The protected facilities along this corridor include Tech Parkway, Luckie Street and the route around Centennial Olympic Park.

Several intersection designs are also developed for this corridor. They include Luckie Street from North Avenue and Tech Parkway to Luckie Street and Pine Street, Luckie Street and Ivan Allen Jr. Boulevard, the routes around Centennial Olympic Park, the intersection of Euclid Avenue and Edgewood and the intersection of Euclid Avenue and Moreland Avenue. All of these intersection designs were developed to illustrate how higher order bike facilities can be designed with the existing street right-of-way or how intersection re-designs can improve the safety for people driving and biking.



Corridor Length

6.7 miles 45 minutes by bike

Major Destinations

Atlanta BeltLine Westside Provisions District Marietta Commercial Corridor Georgia Institute of Technology Coca-Cola Company Headquarters Centennial Olympic Park and surrounding entertainment venues Woodruff Park Georgia State University Sweet Auburn Historic District Martin Luther King Jr. National Historic Site Eastside Trail Freedom Parkway Little Five Points

MARTA Stations

Five Points Inman Park

Neighborhoods

Underwood Hills Berkley Park Blandtown Home Park Marietta Street Artery Georgia Tech Downtown Sweet Auburn Old Fourth Ward Inman Park Chandler Park

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N Council Dis 2	stricts	 	
N Council Dis 2 3	stricts	 	

Relevant Plans

Atlanta BeltLine Subarea 8 Master Plan Atlanta BeltLine Subarea 5 Master Plan Howell Mill LCI Upper Westside LCI Georgia Institute of Technology Campus Master Plan Georgia World Congress Center Master Plan Imagine Downtown: ENCORE LCI Moreland LCI

Corridor E Network Design Map



Corridor E Projects

The projects listed in the table below are the projects currently programmed for construction along the corridor as well as new projects proposed as part of the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study.* Facility type, the street that the project applies to, a description of the start and end points for the projects and a summary cost estimate are provided. Additional project cost information is provided in the Appendix for each project.

ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Cross Section(s)	Cost
1003	Bike Lane	Edgewood Avenue	Boulevard	Hurt Street		n/a
2007	Bike Lane	Edgewood Avenue- Auburn Avenue	Peachtree Street	Jackson Street		n/a
5080	Bike Lane/Shared Lane Marking	Howell Mill Road	Chattahoochee Avenue	West Marletta Street	E1, E2, E3, E4, E5	\$238,819
5031	Bike Lane	Marietta Street	Howell Mill Road	Baker Street	E6, E7, E8, E11, E12, E14, E15	\$274,960
5082	Shared Lane Marking	Hampton Street and 3rd Street	Marietta Street	8th Street	E21, E22	\$4,129
5083	Multi-Use Path	Tech Parkway	Northside Drive	North Avenue	E10	\$147,131
5084	Cycle Track	Luckie Street	North Avenue	Baker Street	E13, E16	\$448,080
5085	Cycle Track	Baker Street and Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Baker Street from Luckie Street to Centennial Oympic Park Drive	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Centennial Olympic Park concept	\$466,937
5086	Shared Lane Marking	Park Avenue Place	Marletta Street	Centennial Olympic Park Drive from Ivan Allen Jr Drive to Marietta Street	Centennial Olympic Park concept	\$3,429
5087	Contra-Flow Lane	Walton Street	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Peachtree Street	E17	\$108,764
5088	Share Lane Marking and Bike Lanes	Euclid Avenue	Edgewood Avenue	Moreland Avenue	E18, E19, E20	\$33,155
5089	Bike Lanes	Brady Avenue	Howell Mill Road	West Marietta Street	E23, E24	\$34,409
Notes						
1, 1000	sorios: Facilities to be built i	n 2013				

r root series r roundes to be bone in 2012

2. 2000 series: Facilities to be built in 2014

3. 3000 series: Facilities to be built in 2015

4. 4000 series: Unfunded high-priority projects we hope to fund by 2016

5. 5000 series: Facilities developed as part of the Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study; 5000 - 5019 is for Corridor A projects, 5020 - 5039 is for Corridor B projects, 5040-5059 is for Corridor C projects, 5060 - 5079 is for Corridor D projects and 5080 - 5099 is for Corridor E projects

6. Cost estimates include an estimate of probable cost for construction, design cost (25% of construction cost) and contingency cost (20% of construction costs). Construction costs can include re-striping costs, signal improvements, new pavement markings and multi-use path construction. Construction costs do not include resurfacing costs. Cost estimates for 1000 to 4000 series projects are not provided because they have already been funded, are in the process of being designed, or are in the process of being constructed.

Corridor E Design Schematics

The cross sections, plan concepts and accompanying notes provide a description for the design of the proposed facilities along the corridor. A typical cross section has been developed for every segment of the corridor where a facility is proposed as part of the *Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study* and where projects have been programmed but the facility design has not been finalized. Cross sections were not developed for corridor segments that already have a facility, where the facility has already been programmed for construction or where the facility has already been designed through another project or planning effort.

The typical cross sections and plan concepts form the basis for the cost estimates presented on the previous page. Each project consists of one or more cross section or plan concept segments. The design schematics were used to provide details about facility design for projects, particularly where cross sections change along the corridor or intersection design is more complex.

The legend below provides a summary of the different symbols and line types used to describe existing conditions or proposed features along the corridor.

Design Schematics Legend







Cross Section ID	Cross Section	Street	From	То	Existing Vehicular Lanes	Proposed Vehicular Lanes	Notes	RIVE BE	ISTREET	N M
ES	SHARED LANE MARKINGS	Howell Mill Road	14th Street	West Marletta Street	3	2	2 travel lanes		1411.5	E RETHEL STR
E23	BIKE LANES Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø' 11' 11' 11' 6' 11' 42' RDADWAY WIDTH	Brady Avenue	Howell Mill Road	10th Street	2	2	2 travel lanes; on-street parking along one side of roadway	E23	11TH STREET	CURRAN STREET
E24	BIKE LANES	Brady Avenue	10th Street	West Marietta Street	2	2	2 travel lanes	WEST MARIETTA STREET LINT ROAD	and asymptotic and asymptotic and asymptotic and asymptotic and asymptotic and asymptotic and an asymptotic and a symptotic an	8TH STREET
					5.0 M	inutes		2.5		
					0.75 M	iles		0.375		0

Cross Section Existing Cross Street From To Proposed Notes antillin . Section Vehicular Vehicular 14TH STREET ID Contra to Lanes Lanes E6 HAMPTON STREET Marietta Howell Mill Northside 2 travel lanes; center turn lane BIKE LANES 4 3 0 STREET Street Road Drive H.H.H. D FLYNN C 11' 10' 11 ETHEL STR 60' ROADWAY SURFACE WIDTH 2 travel lanes E21 SHARED LANE MARKINGS Hampton Marietta 3rd Street 2 2 CURRAN STREET Street Street 0 0 11TH STREET -0 DGEHILL AVENUE NO LANE STRIPING 34' ROADWAY WIDTH -E22 3rd Street 8th Street 2 travel lanes SHARED LANE Hampton 2 2 FIELDER AVENUE MARKINGS Street DRIVE D WATKINS STREET WATKIN 0 WEST MARIETTA STREET NO CENTERLINE 30' ROADWAY WIDTH LINT ROAD **Additional Notes** TURNER PLA Long-term, the vision for the James B. Brawley and Jefferson Street bike boulevards to Marletta Street. When completed, the Brawley bike boulevard will extend all the way south to the Atlanta University Center and the Jefferson bike boulevard will connect to the future Westisde Reservoir Park. This bike boulevard connection is show here for illustration purposes only. To connect both of these routes to Marietta will require crossing over the active rail lines. The design challenges to cross at this location may be cost prohibitive. As this vision for this connection is developed alternative alignments should be considered including using Northside Drive or E6 Marietta Boulevard to cross the rail lines. -1 E21 00 5.0 Minutes 2.5 0.75 Miles 0 0.375

A supplement to the Connect Atlanta Plan

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Luckie St at North Ave/Tech Parkway and Pine St Intersection Concepts

Overview



This image is not to scale and is presented for illustrative

purposes only.

106



This image is not to scale and is presented for illustrative purposes only.



A supplement to the Connect Atlanta Plan ≤ MILLS STREET Cross **Cross Section** Street From To Existing Proposed Notes Vehicular Section Vehicular ID Lanes Lanes E17 SHARED LANE MARKINGS / CONTRA-FLOW BIKE LANE Walton Centennial Peachtree 2 1 travel lane 1 Street Olympic Park Street 0 Drive U.J Ξ VENABLE 0 WEST PEACHTREE PEACE -----8 12 6 3 8 110111 38' ROADWAY WIDTH See intersection concepts on page 110. Station of the local division in which the -WILLIAMS STREET PEACHTREE CENTER 5.5 In Chantic It which 2 CONE SPREET 4 CENTENNUAL OLYNOR PAR POPUPA SIR and All E17 Ö 13,500 AADT (GDOT, 2011) DOME/GWCC/PHILIPS ARENA/CNN 10,030 AADT (GDOT, 2011) FIVE POINTS 00 5.0 Minutes 2.5 0.75 Miles 0 0.375

Centennial Olympic Park Intersection Concepts

Overview

Concept Summary

With the development of the bikeway network for this study, Centennial Olympic Park is emerging as an important connection point. Several routes intersection around Centennial Olympic Park including the following:

- Bike lanes along Marietta Street
- Proposed two-way cycle track along Luckie Street
- PATH multi-use path along John Portman Boulevard that will connect the Freedom Parkway Trail to Centennial Olympic Park.
- Proposed contra-flow bike lane along Walton Street from Centennial Olympic Park Drive to Peachtree Street.
- · Proposed two-way cycle track along Centennial Olympic Park Drive from Castleberry Hill to Ivan Allen Jr. Boulevard.

In addition to these bicycle connections, the area continues to grow as a tourist hub with access to transit via the Atlanta Streetcar and surrounding MARTA stations. Likewise, the City of Atlanta plans to implement a bike share system that will likely include stations at or around Centennial Olympic Park Drive.

With all of these changes and potential connections, Centennial Olympic Park is becoming a truly urban park. The proposed reconfiguration of Baker Street and Centennial Olympic Park Drive includes the addition of a a two-way cycle track along the edge of the park sidewalk and on-street parking between the cycle track and travel lanes. To accommodate the addition of the cycle track and on-street parking, two travel lanes are removed.

With the addition of on-street parking around the majority of the park's edge, vehicular access to the park is improved. Additionally, the addition of the onstreet parking can be a source of revenue for the Centennial Olympic Park, which can be used to cover maintenance and operational costs associated with the park.

The on-street parking lanes could also be designed to change between on-street parking lanes and travel lanes. Using Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) management, the on-street parking lanes could be temporarily changed to travel lanes to increase motor vehicle capacity of streets during major events. When an event is finished, the travel lanes can be changed back to on-street parking lanes.

Lastly, this concept is developed with the intent of keeping the bicycle circulation around the edge of park. Riding a bicycle through the park is currently not allowed and this concept will help preserve the interior of the park as a pedestrian place.

The Centennial Olympic Park concept is presented in more detail on the subsequent pages of this chapter.



N







A supplement to the Connect Atlanta Plan Centennial Olympic Park Intersection Concepts Part 3: COP West BAKERST On-street parking is expanded along the eastern edge of the street. Summ Proposed shared lane markings on Park Avenue. Existing shared lane markings along Marietta Street. This image is not to scale and is presented for illustrative, purposes only. N

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1.	A two-way cycle track will be constructed along Peachtree Center Avenue in 2013. The cycle track will provide a protected bikeway and alternative route option to Peachtree Street from Ivan Alleri Jr Boulevard to Edgewood Avenue.
2.	Bike facilities will be installed to accommodate cyclists traveling east. Bike facilities are not installed in the westbound direction to accommodate the Atlanta Streetcar. Additionally, streetcar tracks can often be difficult for cyclists to cross or navigate. For cyclists traveling west, they are encourage to use the westbound bike facilities along Edgewood Avenue.
3.	Bike facilities will be installed to accommodate cyclists traveling west. Bike facilities are not installed in the eastbound direction to accommodate the Atlanta Streetcar. Additionally, streetcar tracks can often be difficult for cyclists to cross or navigate. For cyclists traveling east, they are encourage to use the eastbound bike facilities along Edgewood Avenue.
4.	East of Jackson Street, the existing bike lanes will be re-striped in 2013.



Along the Atlanta Streetcar route, bike facilities will be on one side of the road and run the opposite direction of the streetcar.



Notes

1.	The Edgewood Avenue bridge is being rebuilt in 2013 and will be re-opend in 2014. The new bridge will include connections from Edgewood Avenue to the Atlanta BeltLine Eastside Trail.
2.	The bike lanes along Edgewood Avenue will be re-striped in 2013.
	Kno Stead and the Kno Stead transford have blown failth improvements in 2012. These improvements will approve the blowle connection between the

3. Krog Street and the Krog Street tunnel will have bikeway facility improvements in 2013. These improvements will enhance the bicycle connection between the Atlanta BeltLine Eastside Trail and Atlanta BeltLine south of the rail lines. Krog Street will have shared lane markings installed and the Krog Street tunnel will be resurfaced. It will have lighting upgrades and shared lane markings installed.



5.0 Minutes 0.75 Miles





This image is not to scale and is presented for illustrative purposes only.









Corridor A Cost Estimates

The following tables contain additional cost estimate information for projects and cross sections for *Corridor A: Brookwood- Midtown-Downtown-West End.* The tables include the following information:

- Project or Cross Section ID
- Facility Type
- Street
- Beginning Point (To)
- Ending Point (From)
- Construction CostDesign Cost

• Segment Length (Distance)

- Contingency Cost
- Total Cost

Cost estimates include an estimate of probable cost for construction, design cost (25% of construction cost), and contingency cost (20% of construction costs). Construction costs can include re-striping costs, signal improvements, new pavement markings, and multi-use path construction. Construction costs do not include resurfacing costs. Cost estimates for 1000 to 4000 series projects are not provided because they have already been funded, are in the process of being designed, or are in the process of being constructed.

The first two tables for Corridor A summarize the two proposed treatments for Peachtree Street from the Buford-Spring Connector (near the entrance to Savannah College of Art and Design) to Linden Avenue.

Option A: Shared Lane Option

ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Distance (feet)	Construction Cost	Design Cost (25%)	Contingency Cost (20%)	Total Cost
Аба	Buffered Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Buford-Spring Connector	Spring Street	500	\$18,397	\$4,599	\$3,679	\$26,675
A7a	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	Spring Street	Peachtree Circle	700	\$1,689	\$422	\$338	\$2,450
A8a	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	Peachtree Circle	West Peachtree Street	460	\$1,696	\$424	\$339	\$2,459
A13a	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	West Peachtree Street	Alliance Theatre	2,050	\$5,936	\$1,484	\$1,187	\$8,607
A14a	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	Alliance Theatre	14th Street	1,020	\$5,936	\$1,484	\$1,187	\$8,607
A16a	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	14th Street	10th Street	1,880	\$5,512	\$1,378	\$1,102	\$7,992
A19a	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	10th Street	North Avenue	3,800	\$10,812	\$2,703	\$2,162	\$15,677
A21a	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	North Avenue	Linden Avenue	540	\$1,908	\$477	\$382	\$2,767
Total					10,950	\$51,886	\$12,972	\$10,377	\$75,235

Option B: Bike Lane Option

ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Distance (feet)	Construction	Design Cost	Contingency	Total Cost
						COSL	(23%)	COST (20%)	
A6b	Buffered Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Buford Connector	Spring Street	500	\$16,702	\$4,175	\$3,340	\$24,217
A7b	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Spring Street	Peachtree Circle	700	\$19,147	\$4,787	\$3,829	\$27,764
A8b	Buffered Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Peachtree Circle	West Peachtree Street	460	\$15,366	\$3,841	\$3,073	\$22,280
A13b	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	West Peachtree Street	Alliance Theatre	2,050	\$49,576	\$12,394	\$9,915	\$71,885
A14b	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Alliance Theatre	14th Street	1,020	\$29,393	\$7,348	\$5,879	\$42,620
A16b	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	14th Street	10th Street	1,880	\$77,368	\$19,342	\$15,474	\$112,184
A19b	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	10th Street	North Avenue	3,800	\$91,897	\$22,974	\$18,379	\$133,250
A21b	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	North Avenue	Linden Avenue	540	\$11,860	\$2,965	\$2,372	\$17,197
Total					10,950	\$311,309	\$77,827	\$62,262	\$451,397

Corri	idor A	Pro	iects

ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Distance (miles)	Cross Section(s)	Construction Cost	Design Cost (25%)	Contingency Cost (20%)	Total Cost
1005	Bike Lane	Murphy Avenue	Ralph David Abernathy Boulevard	Sylvan Road	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
1014	Protected Cycle Track	West Peachtree Street	12th Street	North Avenue	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
1019	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	West Peachtree Street	North Avenue	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
1025	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	North Avenue	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
5000	Bike Lane	Peachtree Road	Colonial Homes Drive	Interstate 85	1.1	A1, A2, A3, A4	\$158,511	\$39,628	\$31,702	\$229,841
5001	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Interstate 85	Linden Avenue	2.2	A5, A6b, A7b, A8b, A13b, A14b, A16b, A19b, A21b	\$329,705	\$82,426	\$65,941	\$478,072
5002	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	Interstate 85	Linden Avenue	2.2	A5, A6a, A7a, A8a, A13a, A14a, A16a, A19a, A21a	\$67,739	\$16,935	\$13,548	\$98,221
5003	Cycle Track	West Peachtree Street	Peachtree Street	Porter Place	2.1	A12, A15, A17, A18, A20, A22, A24, A26, A27	\$210,333	\$52,583	\$42,067	\$304,982
5004	Shared Lane Markings	Peachtree Street	Porter Place	John Portman Boulevard	0.2	A28, A48	\$21,056	\$5,264	\$4,211	\$30,531
5005	Cycle Track	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Marietta Street	Nelson Street	0.6	A43, A44, A45, A46	\$182,661	\$45,665	\$36,532	\$264,858
5006	Cycle Track	Gilmer Street-Courtland Street-Washington Street	Peachtree Center Avenue	Memorial Drive	0.6	A29, A30	\$197,456	\$49,364	\$39,491	\$286,312
5007	Buffered Bike Lane	Memorial Drive	Peachtree Street	Fraser Avenue	0.5	A32	\$98,273	\$24,568	\$19,655	\$142,496
5008	Multi-Use Path	Peters Street-Whitehall Street	Walker Street	Ralph David Abernathy Boulevard	0.8	A34, A35, A37	\$610,596	\$152,649	\$122,119	\$885,364
5009	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Mitchell Street	Memorial Drive	0.5	A31	\$58,524	\$14,631	\$11,705	\$84,859
5010	Bike Lane	Whitehall Street-Murphy Avenue	Peachtree Street	Sylvan Road	2.0	A33, A36, A39, A40, A42	\$229,360	\$57,340	\$45,872	\$332,572
5011	Multi-Use Path	Lee Street	Sylvan Road	Ralph David Abernathy Boulevard	0.9	A38, A41	\$683,150	\$170,788	\$136,630	\$990,568
5012	Bike Lane/Shared Lane Marking	17th Street	West Peachtree Street	Peachtree Circle	0.2	A9, A10, A11	\$11,805	\$2,951	\$2,361	\$17,117
5013	Cycle Track	Courtland Street	Ponce de Leon Avenue	Ralph McGill Boulevard	0.6	A47	\$64,545	\$16,136	\$12,909	\$93,590
Total					14.6		\$2,923,713	\$730,928	\$584,743	\$4,239,384
Notes										

1. 1000 series: Facilities to be built in 2013

2. 2000 series: Facilities to be built in 2014

3. 3000 series: Facilities to be built in 2015

4. 4000 series: Unfunded high-priority projects we hope to fund by 2016

5. 5000 series: Facilities developed as part of the Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study; 5000 - 5019 is for Corridor A projects, 5020 - 5039 is for Corridor B projects, 5040-5059 is for Corridor C projects, 5060 - 5079 is for Corridor D projects, and 5080 - 5099 is for Corridor E projects

Corridor A Cross Sections

ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Distance (feet)	Construction Cost	Design Cost (25%)	Contingency Cost (20%)	Total Cost
A1	Bike Lane	Peachtree Road	Colonial Homes Drive	Brighton Road	1,990	\$54,433	\$13,608	\$10,887	\$78,928
A2	Bike Lane	Peachtree Road	Brighton Road	Collier Road	640	\$17,506	\$4,377	\$3,501	\$25,384
A3	Bike Lane	Peachtree Road	Collier Road	Peachtree Road Bridge	2,600	\$71,119	\$17,780	\$14,224	\$103,122
A4	Buffered Bike Lane	Peachtree Road	Peachtree Road Bridge	Peachtree Road Bridge	420	\$15,453	\$3,863	\$3,091	\$22,407
A5	Buffered Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Peachtree Road Bridge	Northbound ramp to Spring-Buford Connector	500	\$18,397	\$4,599	\$3,679	\$26,675
Аба	Buffered Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Northbound ramp to Spring-Buford Connector	Spring Street	500	\$18,397	\$4,599	\$3,679	\$26,675
A6b	Buffered Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Northbound ramp to Spring-Buford Connector	Spring Street	500	\$16,702	\$4,175	\$3,340	\$24,217
A7a	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	Spring Street	Peachtree Circle	700	\$1,689	\$422	\$338	\$2,450
A7b	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Spring Street	Peachtree Circle	700	\$19,147	\$4,787	\$3,829	\$27,764
A8a	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	Peachtree Circle	West Peachtree Street	460	\$1,696	\$424	\$339	\$2,459
A8b	Buffered Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Peachtree Circle	West Peachtree Street	460	\$15,366	\$3,841	\$3,073	\$22,280
A9	Bike Lane	17th Street	West Peachtree Street	Peachtree Street	450	\$9,897	\$2,474	\$1,979	\$14,351
A10	Shared Lane Marking	17th Street	Peachtree Street	End of back of commercial buildings	390	\$848	\$212	\$170	\$1,230
A11	Shared Lane Marking	17th Street	Back of commercial buildings	Peachtree Circle	420	\$1,060	\$265	\$212	\$1,537
A12	Cycle Track	West Peachtree Street	Peachtree Street	14th Street	2,850	\$50,616	\$12,654	\$10,123	\$73,393
A13a	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	West Peachtree Street	Alliance Theatre	2,050	\$5,936	\$1,484	\$1,187	\$8,607
A13b	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	West Peachtree Street	Alliance Theatre	2,050	\$49,576	\$12,394	\$9,915	\$71,885
A14a	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	Alliance Theatre	14th Street	1,020	\$5,936	\$1,484	\$1,187	\$8,607
A14b	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Alliance Theatre	14th Street	1,020	\$29,393	\$7,348	\$5,879	\$42,620
A15	Cycle Track	West Peachtree Street	14th Street	12th Street	870	\$15,451	\$3,863	\$3,090	\$22,404
A16a	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	14th Street	10th Street	1,880	\$5,512	\$1,378	\$1,102	\$7,992
A16b	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	14th Street	10th Street	1,880	\$77,368	\$19,342	\$15,474	\$112,184
A17	Cycle Track	West Peachtree Street	12th Street	8th Street	1,860	\$33,034	\$8,258	\$6,607	\$47,899
A18	Cycle Track	West Peachtree Street	8th Street	5th Street	1,180	\$24,577	\$6,144	\$4,915	\$35,636
A19a	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	10th Street	North Avenue	3,800	\$10,812	\$2,703	\$2,162	\$15,677
A19b	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	10th Street	North Avenue	3,800	\$91,897	\$22,974	\$18,379	\$133,250
A20	Cycle Track	West Peachtree Street	5th Street	North Avenue	1,830	\$32,501	\$8,125	\$6,500	\$47,126
A21a	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	North Avenue	Linden Avenue	540	\$1,908	\$477	\$382	\$2,767
A21b	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	North Avenue	Linden Avenue	540	\$11,860	\$2,965	\$2,372	\$17,197
A22	Cycle Track	West Peachtree Street	North Avenue	Baltimore Place	1,100	\$19,536	\$4,884	\$3,907	\$28,327
A23	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Linden Avenue	Pine Street	880	\$21,088	\$5,272	\$4,218	\$30,577
A24	Cycle Track	West Peachtree Street	Baltimore Place	Pine Street	340	\$5,698	\$1,425	\$1,140	\$8,263
A25	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Pine Street	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard	1,140	\$31,183	\$7,796	\$6,237	\$45,215
A26	Cycle Track	West Peachtree Street	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard	Porter Place	110	\$3,248	\$812	\$650	\$4,710
A27	Cycle Track	West Peachtree Street	Pine Street	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard	940	\$25,671	\$6,418	\$5,134	\$37,224
A28	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	West Peachtree Street	John Portman Boulevard	820	\$14,582	\$3,646	\$2,916	\$21,144
A29	Cycle Track	Gilmer Street	Peachtree Center Avenue	Courtland Avenue	490	\$54,115	\$13,529	\$10,823	\$78,467
A30	Cycle Track	Courtland Avenue/ Washington Street	Gilmer Street	Memorial Drive	2,910	\$143,341	\$35,835	\$28,668	\$207,844

Table continues on next page.

Corridor A Cross Sections (continued from previous page)

ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Distance (feet)	Construction Cost	Design Cost (25%)	Contingency Cost (20%)	Total Cost
A31	Bike Lane	Peachtree Street	Martin Luther King Jr Boulevard	Memorial Drive	2,420	\$58,524	\$14,631	\$11,705	\$84,859
A32	Buffered Bike Lane	Memorial Drive	Peachtree Street	Fraser Street	2,790	\$98,273	\$24,568	\$19,655	\$142,496
A33	Buffered Bike Lane	Whitehall Street	Peachtree Street	Interstate 20	4,720	\$142,701	\$35,675	\$28,540	\$206,917
A34	Multi-Use Path	Peters Street	Walker Street	Chapel Street	2,280	\$310,800	\$77,700	\$62,160	\$450,660
A35	Multi-Use Path	Whitehall Street	Chapel Street	Oak Street	1,050	\$140,700	\$35,175	\$28,140	\$204,015
A36	Bike Lane	Murphy Avenue	Interstate 20	Lee Street	1,230	\$27,052	\$6,763	\$5,410	\$39,225
A37	Multi-Use Path	Whitehall Street	Oak Street	Ralph David Abernathy Boulevard	880	\$159,096	\$39,774	\$31,819	\$230,689
A38	Multi-Use Path	Lee Street	Ralph David Abernathy Boulevard	Murphy Avenue	2,470	\$331,700	\$82,925	\$66,340	\$480,965
A39	Bike Lane	Murphy Avenue	Lee Street	Allene Avenue	2,640	\$28,291	\$7,073	\$5,658	\$41,022
A40	Bike Lane	Murphy Avenue	Allene Avenue	Atlanta BeltLine	1,500	\$16,420	\$4,105	\$3,284	\$23,809
A41	Multi-Use Path	Lee Street	Murphy Avenue	Sylvan Road	2,250	\$351,450	\$87,863	\$70,290	\$509,603
A42	Buffered Bike Lane	Murphy Avenue	Atlanta BeltLine	Sylvan Road	710	\$14,896	\$3,724	\$2,979	\$21,599
A43	Cycle Track	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Marietta Street	Phillips Arena	790	\$16,734	\$4,183	\$3,347	\$24,264
A44	Cycle Track	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Phillips Arena	Martin Luther King Jr Drive	1,270	\$62,348	\$15,587	\$12,470	\$90,404
A45	Cycle Track	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Martin Luther King Jr Drive	Chapel Street	830	\$54,605	\$13,651	\$10,921	\$79,178
A46	Cycle Track	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Chapel Street	Nelson Street	510	\$48,974	\$12,244	\$9,795	\$71,013
A47	Cycle Track	Courtland Street	Ponce de Leon Avenue	Ralph McGill Boulevard	3,000	\$64,545	\$16,136	\$12,909	\$93,590
A48	Shared Lane Marking	Peachtree Street	Porter Place	West Peachtree Street	400	\$6,473	\$1,618	\$1,295	\$9,386
Total					78,370	\$2,960,131	\$740,033	\$592,026	\$4,292,190

Corridor B Cost Estimates

The following tables include additional cost estimate information for projects and cross sections for Corridor B: Knight Park- Midtown-Virginia-Highland. The tables include the following information:

- Project or Cross Section ID • Segment Length (Distance) Facility Type **Construction Cost** . Design Cost Street
 - Contingency Cost .

Total Cost

Beginning Point (To) • Ending Point (From)

Corridor B Projects

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Cost estimates include an estimate of probable cost for construction, design cost (25% of construction cost), and contingency cost (20% of construction costs). Construction costs can include re-striping costs, signal improvements, new pavement markings, and multi-use path construction. Construction costs do not include resurfacing costs. Cost estimates for 1000 to 4000 series projects are not provided because they have already been funded, are in the process of being designed, or are in the process of being constructed.

ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Distance (miles)	Cross Section(s)	Construction Cost	Design Cost (25%)	Contingency Cost (20%)	Total Cost
1013	Raised Cycle Track	10th Street	Williams Street	Fowler Street	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
5020	Bike Lane-Bufferd Bike Lane	West Marietta Street	Marietta Boulevard	Marietta Street	1.2	B1, B2, B3	\$164,299	\$41,075	\$32,860	\$238,234
5021	Bike Boulevard	8th Street	Brady Avenue	Northside Drive	0.1	B4	\$1,327	\$332	\$265	\$1,925
5022	Bike Boulevard	8th Street	Northside Drive	Hemphill Avenue	0.2	B5	\$116,003	\$29,001	\$23,201	\$168,204
5023	Multi-Use Path	10th Street	Howell Mill Road	Northside Drive	0.2	B23	\$242,000	\$60,500	\$48,400	\$350,900
5024	Multi-Use Path	10th Street	Northside Drive	Fowler Street	0.8	B7	\$465,300	\$116,325	\$93,060	\$674,685
5025	Bike Lane	Ferst Drive	Hemphill Avenue	Atlantic Drive	0.2	B6, B8	\$9,312	\$2,328	\$1,862	\$13,503
5026	Cycle Track	Williams Street	12th Street	8th Street	0.3	B9	\$93,546	\$23,387	\$18,709	\$135,642
5027	Bike Boulevard	12th Street	Williams Street	Piedmont Avenue	0.7	B10, B11, B12, B13, B14, B15	\$20,295	\$5,074	\$4,059	\$29,428
5028	Bike Boulevard	8th Street	Williams Street	10th Street	0.8	B16, B17, B18, B19, B20, B21, B22	\$15,704	\$3,926	\$3,141	\$22,770
5029	Bike Lane	14th Street	Howell Mill Road	Hemphill Avenue	0.2	B24	\$31,438	\$7,860	\$6,288	\$45,586
5030	Bike Lane	Kanuga Street	Virginia Avenue	Monroe Drive	0.1	B25	\$15,325	\$3,831	\$3,065	\$22,221
Total					4.8		\$1,174,550	\$293,638	\$234,910	\$1,703,098
Notes										

1. 1000 series: Facilities to be built in 2013

2. 2000 series: Facilities to be built in 2014

3. 3000 series: Facilities to be built in 2015

4. 4000 series: Unfunded high-priority projects we hope to fund by 2016

5. 5000 series: Facilities developed as part of the Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study; 5000 - 5019 is for Corridor A projects, 5020 - 5039 is for Corridor B projects, 5040-5059 is for Corridor C projects, 5060 - 5079 is for Corridor D projects, and 5080 - 5099 is for Corridor E projects

Corridor B Cross Sections

ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Distance (feet)	Construction Cost	Design Cost (25%)	Contingency Cost (20%)	Total Cost
B1	Bike Lane	West Marietta Street	Marietta Boulevard	Perry Boulevard	4,380	\$105,923	\$26,481	\$21,185	\$153,588
B2	Buffered Bike Lane	West Marietta Street	Perry Boulevard	Brady Avenue	1,260	\$42,365	\$10,591	\$8,473	\$61,430
B3	Bike Lane	West Mariettta Street	Brady Avenue	Marietta Street	770	\$16,011	\$4,003	\$3,202	\$23,216
B4	Shared Lane Marking	8th Street	Brady Avenue	Howell Mill Road	550	\$1,327	\$332	\$265	\$1,925
B5	Shared Lane Marking	8th Street	Howell Mill Road	Northside Drive	830	\$116,003	\$29,001	\$23,201	\$168,204
B6	Bike Lane	Ferst Drive	Hemphill Avenue	Dalney Street	430	\$4,835	\$1,209	\$967	\$7,010
B7	Multi-Use Path	10th Street	Northside Drive	Fowler Street	4,230	\$465,300	\$116,325	\$93,060	\$674,685
B8	Bike Lane	Ferst Drive	State Street	Atlantic Drive	430	\$4,478	\$1,119	\$896	\$6,493
B9	Cycle Track	Williams Street	8th Street	12th Street	1,770	\$93,546	\$23,387	\$18,709	\$135,642
B10	Bike Lane	12th Street	Williams Street	Spring Street	430	\$4,908	\$1,227	\$982	\$7,116
B11	Shared Lane Marking	12th Street	Spring Street	West Peachtree Street	430	\$1,038	\$259	\$208	\$1,505
B12	Contra-Flow Lane	12th Street	West Peachtree Street	Crescent Avenue	1,130	\$7,247	\$1,812	\$1,449	\$10,508
B13	Shared Lane Marking	12th Street	Crescent Avenue	Peachtree Street	420	\$1,014	\$253	\$203	\$1,470
B14	Shared Lane Marking	12th Street	Peachtree Street	Juniper Street	260	\$627	\$157	\$125	\$910
B15	Shared Lane Marking	12th Street	Junipter Street	Piedmont Avenue	1,020	\$5,462	\$1,365	\$1,092	\$7,919
B16	Shared Lane Marking	8th Street	Williams Street	Spring Street	550	\$1,327	\$332	\$265	\$1,925
B17	Shared Lane Marking	8th Street	Spring Street	West Peachtree Street	460	\$1,110	\$278	\$222	\$1,610
B18	Contra-Flow Lane	8th Street	West Peachtree Street	Cypress Street	490	\$3,143	\$786	\$629	\$4,557
B19	Contra-Flow Lane	8th Street	Cypress Street	Peachtree Street	460	\$2,950	\$738	\$590	\$4,278
B20	Shared Lane Marking	8th Street	Peachtree Street	Piedmont Avenue	950	\$2,293	\$573	\$459	\$3,324
B21	Contra-Flow Lane	8th Street	Piedmont Avenue	Myrtle Street	460	\$2,950	\$738	\$590	\$4,278
B22	Shared Lane Marking	Myrtle Street	8th Street	10th Street	800	\$1,931	\$483	\$386	\$2,799
B23	Bike Lane	10th Street	Howell Mill Road	Northside Drive	1,100	\$242,000	\$60,500	\$48,400	\$350,900
B24	Bike Lane	14th Street	Howell Mill Road	Hemphill Avenue	1,300	\$31,438	\$7,860	\$6,288	\$45,586
B25	Bike Lane	Kanuga Street	Virginia Avenue	Monroe Drive	410	\$15,325	\$3,831	\$3,065	\$22,221
Total					25,320	\$1,174,550	\$293,638	\$234,910	\$1,703,098

Corridor C Cost Estimates

The following tables include additional cost estimate information for projects and cross sections for *Corridor C: Grove Park– Downtown–Poncey-Highland*. The tables include the following information:

Project or Cross Section ID
Facility Type
Street
Beginning Point (To)
Ending Point (From)
Total Cost

Cost estimates include an estimate of probable cost for construction, design cost (25% of construction cost), and contingency cost (20% of construction costs). Construction costs can include re-striping costs, signal improvements, new pavement markings, and multi-use path construction. Construction costs do not include resurfacing costs. Cost estimates for 1000 to 4000 series projects are not provided because they have already been funded, are in the process of being designed, or are in the process of being constructed.

Corridor C Projects

ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Distance (miles)	Cross Section(s)	Construction Cost	Design Cost (25%)	Contingency Cost (20%)	Total Cost
2016	Bike Lane	Joseph E Boone Boulevard	Holly Street	Northside Drive						
5040	Bike Lane	Joseph E Boone Boulevard	Chappell Road	Northside Drive	1.3	C1, C11, C12	\$149,517	\$37,379	\$29,903	\$216,799
5041	Bike Lane	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Williams Street	0.1	C3	\$11,608	\$2,902	\$2,322	\$16,832
5042	Contra-Flow Lane	Porter Place	West Peachtree Street	Peachtree Street	0.1	C14	\$2,950	\$738	\$590	\$4,278
5043	Bike Lane-Bufferd Bike Lane	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard- Ralph McGill Boulevard	West Peachtree Street	Courtland Street	0.1	C13	\$27,968	\$6,992	\$5,594	\$40,554
5044	Bike Lane	Ralph McGill Boulevard	Courtland Street	Freedom Parkway	3.0	C5, C6, C7, C8, C9, C10	\$416,841	\$104,210	\$83,368	\$604,419
Total					4.5		\$608,884	\$152,221	\$121,777	\$882,881
Notor										

1. 1000 series: Facilities to be built in 2013

2. 2000 series: Facilities to be built in 2014

3. 3000 series: Facilities to be built in 2015

4. 4000 series: Unfunded high-priority projects we hope to fund by 2016

5. 5000 series: Facilities developed as part of the Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study; 5000 - 5019 is for Corridor A projects, 5020 - 5039 is for Corridor B projects, 5040-5059 is for Corridor C projects, 5060 - 5079 is for Corridor D projects, and 5080 - 5099 is for Corridor E projects

Corridor C Cross Sections

ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Distance (feet)	Construction Cost	Design Cost (25%)	Contingency Cost (20%)	Total Cost
C1	Bike Lane	Joseph E. Boone Boulevard	Chappell Road	Joseph E. Lowery Boulevard	4,750	\$96,797	\$24,199	\$19,359	\$140,356
C3	Bike Lane	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Williams Street	480	\$11,608	\$2,902	\$2,322	\$16,832
C4	Buffered Bike Lane	Ralph McGill Boulevard	Peachtree Street	Courtland Street	500	\$14,909	\$3,727	\$2,982	\$21,618
C5	Bike Lane	Ralph McGill Boulevard	Courtland Street	Piedmont Avenue	640	\$15,477	\$3,869	\$3,095	\$22,442
C6	Bike Lane	Ralph McGill Boulevard	Piedmont Avenue	Central Park Place	8,350	\$201,931	\$50,483	\$40,386	\$292,800
C7	Bike Lane	Ralph McGill Boulevard	Central Park Place	Midblock between Boulevard and Glen Iris Drive	2,490	\$60,217	\$15,054	\$12,043	\$87,314
C8	Bike Lane	Ralph McGill Boulevard	Midblock between Boulevard and Glen Iris Drive	Wabash Avenue	980	\$21,553	\$5,388	\$4,311	\$31,253
C9	Bike Lane	Ralph McGill Boulevard	Wabash Avenue	Ashley Avenue	1,280	\$30,955	\$7,739	\$6,191	\$44,884
C10	Bike Lane	Ralph McGill Boulevard	Ashley Avenue	Freedom Parkway	1,840	\$86,708	\$21,677	\$17,342	\$125,726
C11	Bike Lane	Joseph E. Boone Boulevard	Joseph E. Lowery Boulevard	James P Brawley Drive	1,490	\$36,033	\$9,008	\$7,207	\$52,248
C12	Bike Lane	Joseph E. Boone Boulevard	Maple Street	Northside Drive	690	\$16,687	\$4,172	\$3,337	\$24,195
C13	Bike Lane	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard	West Peachtree Street	Peachtree Street	540	\$13,059	\$3,265	\$2,612	\$18,936
C14	Contra-Flow Lane	Porter Place	West Peachtree Street	Peachtree Street	460	\$2,950	\$738	\$590	\$4,278
Total					24,490	\$608,884	\$152,221	\$121,777	\$882,881

Corridor D Cost Estimates

The following tables include additional cost estimate information for projects and cross sections for Corridor D: Mozley Park- Downtown-Grant Park. The tables include the following information:

- Project or Cross Section ID • Segment Length (Distance) Facility Type **Construction Cost** . Design Cost Street Beginning Point (To)
 - Contingency Cost .

Total Cost

• Ending Point (From)

Corridor D Projects

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Cost estimates include an estimate of probable cost for construction, design cost (25% of construction cost), and contingency cost (20% of construction costs). Construction costs can include re-striping costs, signal improvements, new pavement markings, and multi-use path construction. Construction costs do not include resurfacing costs. Cost estimates for 1000 to 4000 series projects are not provided because they have already been funded, are in the process of being designed, or are in the process of being constructed.

ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Distance (miles)	Cross Section(s)	Construction Cost	Design Cost (25%)	Contingency Cost (20%)	Total Cost
2019	Bike Lane	Martin Luther King Jr Drive-Mitchell Street	James P Brawley Drive	Magnum Street	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
2031	Hard Surface Multi-Use Path	Lena Street	Booker Street	Magnum Street	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
2032	Bike Boulevard	Fraser Street-Woodward Avenue	Memorial Drive	Chastain Street	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
5060	Bike Lane	Mitchell Street	Spring Street	Washington Street	0.4	D4	\$50,145	\$12,536	\$10,029	\$72,710
5061	Multi-Use Path	Andrew Young International Boulevard	Georgia Dome Drive	Marietta Street	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
5062	Multi-Use Path	Capital Square-Memorial Drive	Washington Street	Fraser Street	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
5063	Bike Boulevard	Fraser Street-Woodward Avenue	Memorial Drive	Chastain Street	1.3	D5, D6	\$148,069	\$37,017	\$29,614	\$214,700
Total					4.5		\$608,884	\$152,221	\$121,777	\$882,881
Notes										

1. 1000 series: Facilities to be built in 2013

2. 2000 series: Facilities to be built in 2014

3. 3000 series: Facilities to be built in 2015

4. 4000 series: Unfunded high-priority projects we hope to fund by 2016

5. 5000 series: Facilities developed as part of the Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study; 5000 - 5019 is for Corridor A projects, 5020 - 5039 is for Corridor B projects, 5040-5059 is for Corridor C projects, 5060 - 5079 is for Corridor D projects, and 5080 - 5099 is for Corridor E projects

Corrid	Corridor D Cross Sections										
ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Distance (feet)	Construction Cost	Design Cost (25%)	Contingency Cost (20%)	Total Cost		
D1	no bikeway facility	Martin Luther King Jr Drive	Chappell Road	Ollie Street	1,700	\$46,818	\$11,705	\$9,364	\$67,886		
D4	Bike Lane	Mitchell Street	Spring Street	Washington Street	2,280	\$50,145	\$12,536	\$10,029	\$72,710		
D5	Shared Lane Marking	Woodward Avenue	Kelly Street	Chastain Street	5,090	\$141,984	\$35,496	\$28,397	\$205,877		
D6	Shared Lane Marking	Woodward Avenue	Memorial Drive	Connally Street	1,900	\$30,286	\$7,572	\$6,057	\$43,915		
Total					10,970	\$269,233	\$67,308	\$53,847	\$390,388		

Corridor E Cost Estimates

The following tables include additional cost estimate information for projects and cross sections for *Corridor E: Underwood Hills– Downtown–Candler Park*. The tables include the following information:

Project or Cross Section ID
Facility Type
Street
Beginning Point (To)
Ending Point (From)
Total Cost

Cost estimates include an estimate of probable cost for construction, design cost (25% of construction cost), and contingency cost (20% of construction costs). Construction costs can include re-striping costs, signal improvements, new pavement markings, and multi-use path construction. Construction costs do not include resurfacing costs. Cost estimates for 1000 to 4000 series projects are not provided because they have already been funded, are in the process of being designed, or are in the process of being constructed.

Corridor E Projects

ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Distance (miles)	Cross Section(s)	Construction Cost	Design Cost (25%)	Contingency Cost (20%)	Total Cost
1003	Bike Lane	Edgewood Avenue	Boulevard	Hurt Street	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
2007	Bike Lane	Edgewood Avenue- Auburn Avenue	Peachtree Street	Jackson Street	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
5080	Bike Lane/Shared Lane Marking	Howell Mill Road	Chattahoochee Avenue	West Marietta Street	1.5	E1, E2, E3, E4, E5	\$119,679	\$29,920	\$23,936	\$173,535
5081	Bike Lane	Marietta Street	Howell Mill Road	Baker Street	1.6	E6, E7, E8, E11, E12, E14, E15	\$189,627	\$47,407	\$37,925	\$274,960
5082	Shared Lane Marking	Hampton Street and 3rd Street	Marietta Street	8th Street	0.2	E21, E22	\$2,848	\$712	\$570	\$4,129
5083	Multi-Use Path	Tech Parkway	Northside Drive	North Avenue	0.8	E10	\$101,470	\$25,367	\$20,294	\$147,131
5084	Cycle Track	Luckie Street	North Avenue	Baker Street	0.7	E13, E16	\$309,021	\$77,255	\$61,804	\$448,080
5085	Cycle Track	Baker Street and Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Baker Street from Luckie Street to Centennial Oympic Park Drive	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	0.7	Centennial Olympic Park concept	\$322,025	\$80,506	\$64,405	\$466,937
5086	Shared Lane Marking	Park Avenue Place	Marietta Street	Baker Street	0.2	Centennial Olympic Park concept	\$2,365	\$591	\$473	\$3,429
5087	Contra-Flow Lane	Walton Street	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Peachtree Street	0.3	E17	\$75,010	\$18,752	\$15,002	\$108,764
5088	Share Lane Marking and Bike Lanes	Euclid Avenue	Edgewood Avenue	Moreland Avenue	1.0	E18, E19, E20	\$22,865	\$5,716	\$4,573	\$33,155
5089	Bike Lane	Brady Avenue	Howell Mill Road	West Marietta Street	0.3	E23, E24	\$23,730	\$5,933	\$4,746	\$34,409
Total					7.2		\$1,168,640	\$292,160	\$233,728	\$1,694,529
Notes										

1. 1000 series: Facilities to be built in 2013

2. 2000 series: Facilities to be built in 2014

3. 3000 series: Facilities to be built in 2015

4. 4000 series: Unfunded high-priority projects we hope to fund by 2016

5. 5000 series: Facilities developed as part of the Cycle Atlanta: Phase 1.0 Study; 5000 - 5019 is for Corridor A projects, 5020 - 5039 is for Corridor B projects, 5040-5059 is for Corridor C projects, 5060 - 5079 is for Corridor D projects, and 5080 - 5099 is for Corridor E projects

ID Feedlity Type Street To Form Distance (fee) Cat Construction (250) Constru formantin preserve in preserve in preserve in preserve in pres	Corridor E C	ross Sections								
El Bike Lane Howell Mill Road Chathaboche Avenue Moris Street Tabert Avenue 1,299 53,1,41 57,554 55,055 55,055 55,055 55,055 55,055 55,055 55,055 55,057 55,056 55,057 55,040 55,077 55,040 55,077 55,040 55,077 55,040 55,107 55,108 51,028 51,028 51,028 51,028 51,028 51,028 51,028 51,028 51,028 51,028 51,028 51,028 51,028 51,028 51,028 51,028 51,028 <	ID	Facility Type	Street	То	From	Distance (feet)	Construction Cost	Design Cost (25%)	Contingency Cost (20%)	Total Cost
E2 Bike Lane Howell Mill Road Morris Street Trabert Avenue 1,299 \$31,414 \$7,894 \$6,303 \$45,4388 E3 Bike Lane Howell Mill Road Tabert Avenue Huff Road 2,080 \$30,333 \$7,583 \$6,007 \$43,988 E4 Bike Lane Howell Mill Road 14th Street West Marietta 2,390 \$15,274 \$3,394 \$3,147 \$22,856 E5 Bike Lane Marietta Street Howell Mill Road Northside Drive 1,200 \$31,595 \$50,039 \$3,119 \$50,0313 E7 Bike Lane Marietta Street Northside Drive Menor Street 1,200 \$31,595 \$50,027 \$43,492 E0 Multi-Use Path Tech Parkway North Avenue Bridge 1,70 \$51,140 \$12,285 \$10,230 \$74,170 E10 Multi-Use Path Marietta Street North Avenue Bridge 1,70 \$51,140 \$12,85 \$10,230 \$74,170 E11 Bidfreed Bike Lane Marietta Street North Avenue Bri	E1	Bike Lane	Howell Mill Road	Chattahoochee Avenue	Morris Street	1,240	\$25,269	\$6,317	\$5,054	\$36,640
E3 Bike Lane Howell Mill Road Tabert Annue Huff Road 14th Street 700 516,023 54,232 53,386 524,546 E5 Shared Lane Marking Howell Mill Road 14th Street 700 516,028 54,232 53,386 524,546 E6 Shared Lane Marking Howell Mill Road 14th Street West Marietta 2,390 515,734 515,734 513,739 553,319 553,319 553,319 553,319 553,319 553,319 553,319 553,319 553,977 55,997 543,459 E10 Malet Street Marietta Street Morth Avenue Bridge 1,240 529,987 57,497 55,997 543,452 E10 Multi-Use Path Tech Parkway North Avenue Bridge 1,70 55,102 51,203 57,433 510,238 57,433 510,238 51,203 57,433 51,512 51,208 51,208 51,208 51,208 51,524 51,526 51,526 51,526 51,526 51,526 51,596 51,595 51,595 <td>E2</td> <td>Bike Lane</td> <td>Howell Mill Road</td> <td>Morris Street</td> <td>Trabert Avenue</td> <td>1,299</td> <td>\$31,414</td> <td>\$7,854</td> <td>\$6,283</td> <td>\$45,551</td>	E2	Bike Lane	Howell Mill Road	Morris Street	Trabert Avenue	1,299	\$31,414	\$7,854	\$6,283	\$45,551
E4 Bike Lane Howell Mill Road Huff Road Huff Road Huff Road Huff Road Huff Road Huff Road Started E5 Shared Lane Marking Howell Mill Road 14th Street West Marietta 2,390 \$15,734 \$3,393 \$3,3147 \$22,215 E6 Bike Lane Marietta Street Howell Mill Road Northside Drive 1,700 \$31,457 \$53,650 \$56,692 \$43,355 E8 Bike Lane Marietta Street North Avenue Bridge 1,240 \$239,987 \$7,497 \$5,5977 \$54,942 \$141,4121 E10 Multi-Use Path Tech Parkway North Avenue Bridge North Avenue C \$1,300 \$11,170 \$25,247 \$20,247 \$141,4121 E11 Buffered Bike Lane Marietta Street North Avenue Bridge Nort \$26,057 \$14,406 \$31,177 \$52,478 \$10,238 \$17,453 \$12,688 \$10,804 \$11,572 \$12,788 \$10,203 \$74,153 \$12,788 \$10,504 \$11,572 \$15,784 \$13,990 <t< td=""><td>E3</td><td>Bike Lane</td><td>Howell Mill Road</td><td>Trabert Avenue</td><td>Huff Road</td><td>2,080</td><td>\$30,333</td><td>\$7,583</td><td>\$6,067</td><td>\$43,983</td></t<>	E3	Bike Lane	Howell Mill Road	Trabert Avenue	Huff Road	2,080	\$30,333	\$7,583	\$6,067	\$43,983
Efs Shared Lane Marking Howell Mill Road Vest Marketa 2,300 \$15,734 \$3,344 \$23,814 \$22,815 E6 Bike Lane Marieta Street Howell Mill Road Northside Drive 1,720 \$41,955 \$10,399 \$83,316 \$56,033 E7 Bike Lane Marieta Street Morel Mill Road Morthside Drive 1,720 \$51,416 \$52,367 \$55,997 \$454,422 E10 Multi-Use Path Tech Parkway North Avenue Bridge 1,700 \$55,140 \$12,385 \$10,230 \$74,971 E11 Biffered Bike Lane Marieta Street North Avenue Bridge North Avenue Bridge 1,70 \$55,140 \$12,385 \$10,230 \$74,971 E13 Bike Lane Marieta Street North Avenue Bridge North Street 330 \$7,971 \$1,955 \$1,556 \$1,512 \$12,788 \$10,233 \$12,788 \$10,233 \$12,788 \$10,233 \$12,788 \$10,233 \$12,788 \$10,233 \$13,785 \$15,789 \$11,789 \$11,790 \$11,	E4	Bike Lane	Howell Mill Road	Huff Road	14th Street	700	\$16,928	\$4,232	\$3,386	\$24,546
E6 Bike Lane Marietta Street Howell Mill Road Northside Drive 1,720 541,595 510,399 58,319 660,313 E7 Bike Lane Marietta Street Northside Drive Neans Street 1,500 533,459 58,365 56,692 548,515 E10 Multi-Use Path Tech Parkowy North Avenue Bridge 1,700 511,0170 523,367 520,224 514,7131 E11 Buffered Bike Lane Marietta Street North Avenue Bridge 1,700 551,152 511,285 510,230 577,4710 E12 Bike Lane Marietta Street North Avenue Bridge North Avenue Bridge 1,700 518,625 546,406 537,125 512,788 510,230 577,4710 E13 Bike Lane Marietta Street North Avenue Bridge 1,800 520,314 55,079 54,063 522,455 E16 Cycle Tack Luckie Street Pine Street 84er Street 2,400 520,317 518,52 517,620 511,52 517,500 518,752 517,603 522,455 E16 Bike Lane Marietta Street <	E5	Shared Lane Marking	Howell Mill Road	14th Street	West Marietta	2,390	\$15,734	\$3,934	\$3,147	\$22,815
F7 Bike Lane Marietta Street North Akenue Bridge 1,590 \$33,459 \$8,865 \$6,692 \$43,482 E8 Bike Lane Marietta Street North Akenue Bridge 1,240 \$29,987 \$7,497 \$5,977 \$43,482 E10 Multi-Use Path Tech Parkavay North Akenue Bridge 1,70 \$5,140 \$1,285 \$1,028 \$52,367 \$52,202 \$57,473 E11 Bufe Lane Marietta Street North Avenue Bridge Nort \$2,460 \$51,152 \$12,28 \$10,20 \$74,173 E13 Cycle Tack Luck Street North Avenue Bridge Nort \$2,460 \$51,152 \$12,88 \$10,20 \$51,408 \$12,85 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$54,606 \$52,175 \$51,502 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,602 \$51,603 \$51,602 \$51,602 <td>E6</td> <td>Bike Lane</td> <td>Marietta Street</td> <td>Howell Mill Road</td> <td>Northside Drive</td> <td>1,720</td> <td>\$41,595</td> <td>\$10,399</td> <td>\$8,319</td> <td>\$60,313</td>	E6	Bike Lane	Marietta Street	Howell Mill Road	Northside Drive	1,720	\$41,595	\$10,399	\$8,319	\$60,313
Bike Lane Marietta Street North Avenue Bridge 1,240 S29,987 S7,497 S5,997 S43,482 E10 Multi-Vse Path Tech Parkway North Marenue Bridge North Avenue Bridge 170 S12,357 S20,294 S147,131 E11 Buffered Bike Lane Marietta Street North Avenue Bridge 170 S51,152 S12,28 S10,230 S74,433 E12 Bike Lane Marietta Street North Avenue Bridge Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard 2,460 S11,52 S12,78 S10,230 S74,172 E13 Bike Lane Marietta Street North Avenue Pine Street Baker Street 2,240 S12,356 S30,849 S24,679 S17,872 E16 Bike Lane Marietta Street Simpson Street Baker Street 2,240 S12,356 S30,849 S24,679 S17,872 E17 Contra-Flow Lane Walton Street Baker Street 2,240 S12,345 S10,302 S11,503 S11,503 S11,503 S11,503 S11,503 S11,503 S11,503 <td>E7</td> <td>Bike Lane</td> <td>Marietta Street</td> <td>Northside Drive</td> <td>Means Street</td> <td>1,590</td> <td>\$33,459</td> <td>\$8,365</td> <td>\$6,692</td> <td>\$48,515</td>	E7	Bike Lane	Marietta Street	Northside Drive	Means Street	1,590	\$33,459	\$8,365	\$6,692	\$48,515
ID Multi-Use Path Tech Parkway North Avenue Bridge North Avenue Brid	E8	Bike Lane	Marietta Street	Means Street	North Avenue Bridge	1,240	\$29,987	\$7,497	\$5,997	\$43,482
E11 Buffered Bike Lane Marietta Street North Avenue Bridge North Avenue Bridge 170 \$5,140 \$1,285 \$1,028 \$7,453 E12 Bike Lane Marietta Street North Avenue Bridge Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard 2,460 \$51,152 \$12,788 \$10,230 \$7,433 E13 Cycle Track Licke Street North Avenue Pine Street 1,260 \$115,625 \$46,460 \$51,525 \$51,595	E10	Multi-Use Path	Tech Parkway	Northside Drive	North Avenue	4,330	\$101,470	\$25,367	\$20,294	\$147,131
E12 Bike Lane Marietta Street North Avenue Bridge Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard 2,460 \$\$1,152 \$\$1,2788 \$\$10,230 \$\$74,170 E13 Cycle Track Luckie Street North Avenue Pine Street 1,260 \$\$185,625 \$\$46,406 \$\$37,125 \$\$2669,156 E14 Bike Lane Marietta Street Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard Simpson Street 830 \$\$7,981 \$\$1,995 \$\$1,596 \$\$11,572 E15 Bike Lane Marietta Street Simpson Street Baker Street 2,240 \$\$123,396 \$\$30,849 \$\$24,679 \$\$178,924 E16 Cycle Track Luckie Street Pine Street Baker Street 2,240 \$\$123,396 \$\$30,849 \$\$24,679 \$\$178,924 E17 Contra-Flow Lane Walton Street Centennial Olympic Park Drive Penchree Street 1,620 \$\$1,931 \$\$1,533 \$\$11,548 E18 Shared Lane Marking Euclid Avenue Alta Avenue 3,300 \$\$7,941 \$\$1,991 \$\$1,533 \$\$11,548 E20 Bike Lane Euclid Avenue Auston Avenue Austin Avenue 1,300 <td>E11</td> <td>Buffered Bike Lane</td> <td>Marietta Street</td> <td>North Avenue Bridge</td> <td>North Avenue Bridge</td> <td>170</td> <td>\$5,140</td> <td>\$1,285</td> <td>\$1,028</td> <td>\$7,453</td>	E11	Buffered Bike Lane	Marietta Street	North Avenue Bridge	North Avenue Bridge	170	\$5,140	\$1,285	\$1,028	\$7,453
E13 Cycle Track Luckie Street North Avenue Pine Street 1,260 \$185,625 \$46,406 \$37,125 \$269,156 E14 Bike Lane Marietta Street Nan Allen Jr Boulevard Sinpson Street 330 \$7,981 \$1,995 \$1,956 \$11,572 E15 Bike Lane Marietta Street Baker Street 840 \$20,314 \$5,079 \$4,063 \$29,455 E16 Cycle Track Luckie Street Pine Street Baker Street 2,20 \$51,050 \$51,696 \$21,679 \$1,8502 \$108,676 E17 Contra-Flow Lane Walton Street Centernial Olympic Park Drive Peachtree Street 1,620 \$75,010 \$18,523 \$24,679 \$10,8764 E18 Shared Lane Marking Euclid Avenue Alta Avenue Auston Avenue 3,300 \$14,033 \$35,058 \$22,807 \$22,0347 E20 Bike Lane Euclid Avenue Auston Avenue Moreland Avenue 1,300 \$14,033 \$3,625 \$2,900 \$22,0347 E21 <td>E12</td> <td>Bike Lane</td> <td>Marietta Street</td> <td>North Avenue Bridge</td> <td>Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard</td> <td>2,460</td> <td>\$51,152</td> <td>\$12,788</td> <td>\$10,230</td> <td>\$74,170</td>	E12	Bike Lane	Marietta Street	North Avenue Bridge	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard	2,460	\$51,152	\$12,788	\$10,230	\$74,170
E14 Bike Lane Marietta Street Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard Simpson Street Badker Street Bad \$1,995 \$1,996 \$11,572 E15 Bike Lane Marietta Street Simpson Street Baker Street 840 \$20,314 \$5,079 \$4,063 \$229,455 E16 Cycle Track Luckie Street Pine Street Baker Street 2,240 \$123,396 \$30,849 \$224,679 \$178,924 E17 Contra-Flow Lane Walton Street Centennial Olympic Park Drive Peachtree Street 3,300 \$7,964 \$1,991 \$1,593 \$11,548 E19 Shared Lane Marking Euclid Avenue Alta Avenue Alta Avenue 3,60 \$14,033 \$3,508 \$2,207 \$1,548 E20 Bike Lane Euclid Avenue Alta Avenue 3rd Street 390 \$2,244 \$561 \$449 \$3,254 E21 Shared Lane Marking Hampton Street Marietta Street 3rd Street 1,00 \$14,502 \$3,625 \$2,900 \$2,1027 E22	E13	Cycle Track	Luckie Street	North Avenue	Pine Street	1,260	\$185,625	\$46,406	\$37,125	\$269,156
E15Bike LaneMarietta StreetSimpson StreetBaker Street840\$20,314\$5,079\$4,063\$29,455E16Cycle TrackLuckie StreetPine StreetBaker Street2,240\$123,396\$30,849\$24,679\$178,924E17Contra-Flow LaneWalton StreetCentennial Olympic Park DrivePeachtree Street1,200\$77,5010\$18,752\$15,002\$108,764E18Shared Lane MarkingEuclid AvenueEdgewood AvenueAlta Avenue3,300\$7,964\$1,991\$1,593\$11,548E19Shared Lane MarkingEuclid AvenueAlta AvenueAustin Avenue3,600\$869\$217\$174\$1,260E20Bike LaneEuclid AvenueAustin AvenueMoreland Avenue1,380\$14,033\$3,508\$2,807\$20,347E21Shared Lane MarkingHampton StreetMarietta Street3rd Street930\$2,244\$561\$449\$3,254E23Bike LaneBrady AvenueHowell Mill Road10th Street1,100\$14,502\$3,625\$2,900\$21,027E24Bike LaneBrady Avenue10th StreetCentennial Olympic Park Drive510,896\$27,277\$1,846\$13,881Olympic Park conceptCycle TrackCentennial Olympic Park DriveCentennial Olympic Park DriveCentennial Olympic Park Drive\$21,039\$53,260\$42,608\$30,890Centennial Olympic Park conceptCycle TrackCentennial Olympic Park Dri	E14	Bike Lane	Marietta Street	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard	Simpson Street	330	\$7,981	\$1,995	\$1,596	\$11,572
E16Cycle TrackLuckie StreetPine StreetBaker Street2,240\$123,396\$30,849\$24,679\$178,924E17Contra-Flow LaneWalton StreetCentennial Olympic Park DrivePeachtree Street1,620\$75,010\$18,752\$15,002\$108,764E18Shared Lane MarkingEuclid AvenueEdgewood AvenueAlta Avenue3,300\$7,964\$1,991\$1,593\$11,548E19Shared Lane MarkingEuclid AvenueAlta AvenueAustin Avenue360\$869\$217\$174\$1,260E20Bike LaneEuclid AvenueAuston AvenueMoreland Avenue1,380\$14,033\$3,508\$2,807\$20,347E21Shared Lane MarkingHampton StreetMarietta Street3d Street290\$603\$151\$121\$875E22Shared Lane MarkingHampton StreetHampton Street8th Street1,100\$14,652\$3,625\$2,900\$21,027E23Bike LaneBrady AvenueHowell Mill Road10th Street1,100\$14,552\$2,247\$2,1,977\$1,846E24Bike LaneBrady Avenue10th StreetCentennial Olympic Park Drive1,020\$108,986\$22,7247\$2,1,977\$1,846E33Bike LaneBrady Avenue10th StreetCentennial Olympic Park Drive1,020\$108,986\$2,7247\$2,1,977\$1,846E44Bike LaneBrady AvenueIoukie StreetCentennial Olympic Park Drive1,020 <t< td=""><td>E15</td><td>Bike Lane</td><td>Marietta Street</td><td>Simpson Street</td><td>Baker Street</td><td>840</td><td>\$20,314</td><td>\$5,079</td><td>\$4,063</td><td>\$29,455</td></t<>	E15	Bike Lane	Marietta Street	Simpson Street	Baker Street	840	\$20,314	\$5,079	\$4,063	\$29,455
E17Contra-Flow LaneWalton StreetCentennial Olympic Park DrivePeachtree Street1,620\$75,010\$18,752\$15,002\$108,764E18Shared Lane MarkingEuclid AvenueEdgewood AvenueAlta Avenue3,300\$7,964\$1,991\$1,593\$11,548E19Shared Lane MarkingEuclid AvenueAlta AvenueAustin Avenue3,600\$14,033\$53,508\$22,07\$20,347E20Bike LaneEuclid AvenueAuston AvenueMoreland Avenue1,380\$14,033\$53,508\$28,007\$20,347E21Shared Lane MarkingHampton StreetMarietta Street3rd Street3rd Street\$300\$52,244\$561\$449\$33,254E22Shared Lane Marking3rd StreetHampton Street8th Street930\$22,244\$561\$449\$33,254E23Bike LaneBrady Avenue10th StreetWest Marietta730\$9,228\$2,307\$1,846\$13,81Centennial Olympic Park conceptCycle TrackBaker StreetLuckie StreetCentennial Olympic Park Drive\$100,808\$21,207\$53,260\$42,008\$308,907Olympic Park conceptCycle TrackCentennial Olympic Park DrivePark AvenueMarietta Street8aker Street980\$2,365\$591\$47,38\$3,429Olympic Park conceptShared Lane MarkingPark AvenueMarietta Street8a,89\$1,168,640\$292,160\$233,728\$3,429Centennial Ol	E16	Cycle Track	Luckie Street	Pine Street	Baker Street	2,240	\$123,396	\$30,849	\$24,679	\$178,924
E18 Shared Lane Marking Euclid Avenue Edgewood Avenue Alta Avenue 3,300 \$7,964 \$1,991 \$1,593 \$11,548 E19 Shared Lane Marking Euclid Avenue Auston Avenue Austin Avenue 360 \$869 \$217 \$174 \$1,260 E20 Bike Lane Euclid Avenue Auston Avenue Moreland Avenue 1,380 \$14,033 \$3,508 \$2,207 \$20,347 E21 Shared Lane Marking Hampton Street Marieta Street 3rd Street 250 \$603 \$151 \$121 \$875 E22 Shared Lane Marking 3rd Street Hampton Street 8th Street 930 \$2,244 \$561 \$449 \$3,254 E23 Bike Lane Brady Avenue 10th Street West Marietta 730 \$9,228 \$2,300 \$11,548 \$11,548 E24 Bike Lane Baker Street Luckie Street Centennial Olympic Park Drive \$10,050 \$11,548 \$21,077 \$13,830 Centennial Olympic Park conccept Centennial O	E17	Contra-Flow Lane	Walton Street	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Peachtree Street	1,620	\$75,010	\$18,752	\$15,002	\$108,764
E19Shared Lane MarkingEuclid AvenueAlta AvenueAustin Avenue360\$869\$217\$174\$1,260E20Bike LaneEuclid AvenueAuston AvenueMoreland Avenue1,380\$14,033\$3,508\$2,807\$20,347E21Shared Lane MarkingHampton StreetMarietta Street3rd Street250\$603\$151\$121\$875E22Shared Lane Marking3rd StreetHampton StreetBth Street930\$2,244\$561\$449\$3,254E23Bike LaneBrady AvenueHowell Mill Road10th Street1,100\$14,502\$3,625\$2,900\$21,027E24Bike LaneBrady Avenue10th StreetWest Marietta730\$9,228\$2,207\$1,846\$13,381Centennial Olympic Park conceptCycle TrackBaker StreetLuckie StreetCentennial Olympic Park Drive1,020\$108,986\$27,247\$21,797\$158,030Centennial Olympic Park conceptCycle TrackBaker StreetMarietta Street2,630\$21,303\$53,260\$42,608\$308,907Centennial Olympic Park conceptShared Lane MarkingPark AvenueMarietta Street8aker Street980\$2,365\$591\$473\$3,429Centennial Olympic Park conceptShared Lane MarkingPark AvenueMarietta Street980\$2,365\$591\$473\$3,429TotalUsersStreetBaker Street980\$1,168,640\$2	E18	Shared Lane Marking	Euclid Avenue	Edgewood Avenue	Alta Avenue	3,300	\$7,964	\$1,991	\$1,593	\$11,548
E20Bike LaneEuclid AvenueAuston AvenueMoreland Avenue1,380\$14,033\$3,508\$2,807\$20,347E21Shared Lane MarkingHampton StreetMarietta Street3rd Street3rd Street\$16\$11\$121\$875E22Shared Lane Marking3rd StreetHampton Street8th Street930\$2,244\$561\$449\$3,258E23Bike LaneBrady AvenueHowell Mill Road10th Street1,100\$14,502\$3,625\$2,900\$21,027E24Bike LaneBrady Avenue10th StreetWest Marietta730\$9,228\$2,307\$1,846\$13,381Centennial Olympic Park conceptCycle TrackBaker StreetLuckie StreetCentennial Olympic Park Drive\$1,020\$108,986\$27,247\$21,797\$158,030Olympic Park conceptCycle TrackCentennial Olympic Park DriveCentennial Olympic Park Concept\$2,630\$21,039\$53,260\$42,608\$308,907Olympic Park conceptStared Lane MarkingPark AvenueMarietta StreetBaker Street\$2,630\$2,365\$591\$47,397\$3,429Centennial Olympic Park conceptStared Lane MarkingPark AvenueMarietta Street\$80\$2,365\$591\$42,608\$308,907Olympic Park conceptStared Lane MarkingPark AvenueMarietta StreetBaker Street\$81,818\$2,865\$591\$47,35\$3,429TotalStared Lane MarkingPark AvenueMarietta Street<	E19	Shared Lane Marking	Euclid Avenue	Alta Avenue	Austin Avenue	360	\$869	\$217	\$174	\$1,260
E21Shared Lane MarkingHampton StreetMarietta Street3rd S	E20	Bike Lane	Euclid Avenue	Auston Avenue	Moreland Avenue	1,380	\$14,033	\$3,508	\$2,807	\$20,347
E22Shared Lane Marking3rd StreetHampton Street8th Street930\$2,244\$561\$449\$3,254E23Bike LaneBrady AvenueHowell Mill Road10th Street1,100\$14,502\$3,625\$2,900\$21,027E24Bike LaneBrady Avenue10th StreetWest Marietta730\$9,228\$2,307\$1,846\$13,811Centennial Olympic Park ConceptCycle TrackBaker StreetLuckie StreetCentennial Olympic Park Drive\$1,020\$108,986\$27,247\$21,797\$158,030Olympic Park ConceptCentennial Olympic Park ConceptCentennial Olympic Park DriveCentennial Olympic Park Drive\$2,630\$21,303\$53,260\$42,608\$308,907Centennial Olympic Park ConceptShared Lane MarkingPark AvenueMarietta StreetBaker Street\$2,365\$591\$47.3\$3,429Centennial Olympic Park ConceptStare MarkingPark AvenueMarietta Street\$808,977\$1,58,640\$29,559\$47.3\$3,429TotalTotalStare MarkingPark AvenueMarietta Street\$808,976\$2,365\$591\$47.3\$3,429Centennial Olympic Park ConceptStare MarkingPark AvenueMarietta Street\$808,976\$2,365\$591\$47.3\$3,429TotalStare MarkingPark AvenueMarietta StreetStare Street\$81,889\$2,365\$591\$47.3\$3,429TotalStare StreetStare StreetStare StreetStare Stree	E21	Shared Lane Marking	Hampton Street	Marietta Street	3rd Street	250	\$603	\$151	\$121	\$875
E23Bike LaneBrady AvenueHowell Mill Road10th Street1,100\$14,502\$3,625\$2,900\$21,027E24Bike LaneBrady Avenue10th StreetWest Marietta730\$9,228\$2,307\$1,846\$13,811Centennial Olympic Park conceptCycle TrackBaker StreetLuckie StreetCentennial Olympic Park Drive1,020\$108,986\$27,247\$21,797\$158,030Centennial Olympic Park conceptCycle TrackCentennial Olympic Park DriveVan Allen Jr Boulevard DriveMarietta Street2,630\$21,303\$53,260\$42,608\$308,907Centennial Olympic Park conceptShared Lane Marking conceptPark AvenueMarietta StreetBaker Street980\$2,365\$591\$473\$3,429Total'totalStreetStreetStreet980\$1,168,640\$292,160\$23,728\$1,694,529	E22	Shared Lane Marking	3rd Street	Hampton Street	8th Street	930	\$2,244	\$561	\$449	\$3,254
E24 Bike Lane Brady Avenue 10th Street West Marietta 730 \$9,228 \$2,307 \$1,846 \$13,381 Centennial Olympic Park concept Cycle Track Baker Street Luckie Street Centennial Olympic Park Drive 1,020 \$108,986 \$27,247 \$21,797 \$158,030 Centennial Olympic Park concept Cycle Track Centennial Olympic Park Drive Van Allen Jr Boulevard Marietta Street 2,630 \$21,039 \$53,260 \$42,608 \$308,907 Centennial Olympic Park concept Shared Lane Marking Olympic Park Park Avenue Marietta Street 980 \$2,365 \$591 \$47.3 \$3,429 Total Total Total Total States States \$1,68,640 \$292,160 \$23,728 \$1,694,529	E23	Bike Lane	Brady Avenue	Howell Mill Road	10th Street	1,100	\$14,502	\$3,625	\$2,900	\$21,027
Centennial Olympic Park conceptCycle Track ScherentBaker Street Luckie StreetLuckie Street Centennial Olympic Park DriveCentennial Olympic Park Drive1,020\$108,986\$27,247\$21,797\$158,030Centennial Olympic Park conceptCentennial Olympic Park DriveVole Track DriveCentennial Olympic Park DriveNarietta Street2,630\$213,039\$53,260\$42,608\$308,907Centennial Olympic Park conceptShared Lane Marking Olympic Park conceptPark AvenueMarietta StreetBaker Street980\$2,365\$591\$473\$3,429TotalTotalStared Lane StreetStared Lane StreetStared Lane StreetStared Lane Street\$38,189\$1,168,640\$292,160\$233,728\$1,694,529	E24	Bike Lane	Brady Avenue	10th Street	West Marietta	730	\$9,228	\$2,307	\$1,846	\$13,381
Centennial Olympic Park concept Centennial Olympic Park brive Centennial Olympic Park Drive Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard Marietta Street 2,630 \$213,039 \$53,260 \$42,608 \$308,907 Concept Drive Station Drive Drive Drive Station Drive Drive Station Drive Drive Drive Drive Drive Drive Drive Station Drive Drive Drive Drive Drive Drive Station Drive Station Station Drive Station Drive Station Drive Drive Drive Drive Drive Drive Drive D	Centennial Olympic Park concept	Cycle Track	Baker Street	Luckie Street	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	1,020	\$108,986	\$27,247	\$21,797	\$158,030
Centennial Shared Lane Marking Park Avenue Marietta Street Baker Street 980 \$2,365 \$591 \$473 \$3,429 Olympic Park concept Total 38,189 \$1,168,640 \$292,160 \$233,728 \$1,694,529	Centennial Olympic Park concept	Cycle Track	Centennial Olympic Park Drive	Ivan Allen Jr Boulevard	Marietta Street	2,630	\$213,039	\$53,260	\$42,608	\$308,907
Total 38,189 \$1,168,640 \$292,160 \$233,728 \$1,694,529	Centennial Olympic Park concept	Shared Lane Marking	Park Avenue	Marietta Street	Baker Street	980	\$2,365	\$591	\$473	\$3,429
	Total					38,189	\$1,168,640	\$292,160	\$233,728	\$1,694,529

